UNITED STATES SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION

Washington, D.C. 20549

FORM 10-Q

7	QUARTERLY REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 or 15(d) OF THE	SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934
	For the quarterly period ended March 31, 2015 OR	
	TRANSITION REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF TH	E SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934
	Commission File N	Tumber 0-3722
	ATLANTIC AMERICA (Exact name of registrant as	
	Georgia (State or other jurisdiction of incorporation or organization)	58-1027114 (I.R.S. Employer Identification No.)
	4370 Peachtree Road, N.E., Atlanta, Georgia (Address of principal executive offices)	30319 (Zip Code)
	(404) 266- (Registrant's telephone numb	
duri	cate by check mark whether the registrant (1) has filed all reports required to be ng the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was alrements for the past 90 days. Yes \square No \square	
be s	cate by check mark whether the registrant has submitted electronically and poubmitted and posted pursuant to Rule 405 of Regulation S-T during the preceding and post such files). Yes \square No \square	
	cate by check mark whether the registrant is a large accelerated filer, an accelenated filer, and "smaller reporting continuous of "large accelerated filer," "accelerated filer" and "smaller reporting continuous"	
Larg	ge accelerated filer \square Accelerated filer \square Non-accelerated filer \square (Do not cl	heck if a smaller reporting company) Smaller reporting company $oxdiv$
Indi	cate by check mark whether the registrant is a shell company (as defined in Re	ule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act). Yes $\ \square$ No $\ \square$
The	total number of shares of the registrant's Common Stock, \$1 par value, outsta	nding on May 7, 2015 was 20,573,336.

ATLANTIC AMERICAN CORPORATION

TABLE OF CONTENTS

Part I.	Financial Information	<u>Page No.</u>
Item 1.	Financial Statements:	
	Condensed Consolidated Balance Sheets at March 31, 2015 and December 31, 2014	2
	Condensed Consolidated Statements of Operations for the three months ended March 31, 2015 and 2014	3
	Condensed Consolidated Statements of Comprehensive Income for the three months ended March 31, 2015 and 2014	4
	Condensed Consolidated Statements of Shareholders' Equity for the three months ended March 31, 2015 and 2014	5
	Condensed Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows for the three months ended March 31, 2015 and 2014	6
	Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements	7
Item 2.	Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations	17
Item 4.	Controls and Procedures	23
Part II.	Other Information	
Item 2.	<u>Unregistered Sales of Equity Securities and Use of Proceeds</u>	24
Item 6.	<u>Exhibits</u>	24
<u>Signatu</u>	r <u>es</u>	25

PART I. FINANCIAL INFORMATION

Item 1. Financial Statements

ATLANTIC AMERICAN CORPORATION CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS

(Dollars in thousands, except per share data)

ASSETS

ASSETS				
		Inaudited		
	N	Iarch 31,	Dec	ember 31,
		2015		2014
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	19,695	\$	16,375
Investments:				
Fixed maturities (cost: \$200,734 and \$207,568)		210,045		214,888
Common and non-redeemable preferred stocks (cost: \$11,969 and \$11,969)		21,703		18,924
Other invested assets (cost: \$2,968 and \$2,995)		2,968		2,995
Policy loans		2,179		2,202
Real estate		38		38
Investment in unconsolidated trusts		1,238		1,238
Total investments		238,171		240,285
Receivables:				
Reinsurance		13,149		14,348
Insurance premiums and other (net of allowance for doubtful accounts: \$453 and \$439)		7,237		10,728
Deferred acquisition costs		26,800		26,981
Other assets		5,589		5,747
Intangibles		2,544		2,544
Total assets	\$	313,185	\$	317,008
LIABILITIES AND SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY				
Insurance reserves and policyholder funds:				
Future policy benefits	\$	70,821	\$	70,845
Unearned premiums		18,913		24,544
Losses and claims		64,640		66,625
Other policy liabilities		1,436		2,080
Total insurance reserves and policyholder funds		155,810		164,094
Accounts payable and accrued expenses		12,808		13,586
Deferred income taxes, net		3,372		1,395
Junior subordinated debenture obligations, net		33,738		33,738
Total liabilities		205,728		212,813
	_	,		,
Commitments and contingencies (Note 6)				
Shareholders' equity:				
Preferred stock, \$1 par, 4,000,000 shares authorized; Series D preferred, 55,000 shares issued and outstanding; \$5,500				
redemption value		55		55
Common stock, \$1 par, 50,000,000 shares authorized; shares issued: 22,400,894; shares outstanding: 20,579,575 and				
20,600,039		22,401		22,401
Additional paid-in capital		56,498		56,491
Retained earnings		22,046		21,866
Accumulated other comprehensive income		12,379		9,279
Unearned stock grant compensation		(395)		(460)
Treasury stock, at cost: 1,821,319 and 1,800,855 shares		(5,527)		(5,437)
Total shareholders' equity		107,457		104,195
Total liabilities and shareholders' equity	\$	313,185	\$	317,008
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ATLANTIC AMERICAN CORPORATION CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF OPERATIONS

(Unaudited; Dollars in thousands, except per share data)

Three Months Ended

	Ma	arch 31,
	2015	2014
Revenue:		<u> </u>
Insurance premiums	\$ 37,38	5 \$ 38,418
Investment income	2,59	7 2,598
Realized investment gains, net	95	1 108
Other income	1	5 36
Total revenue	40,94	9 41,160
Benefits and expenses:		
Insurance benefits and losses incurred	25,24	1 26,828
Commissions and underwriting expenses	10,72	1 9,907
Interest expense	349	9 429
Other expense	3,628	3,003
Total benefits and expenses	39,93	9 40,167
Income before income taxes	1,010	993
Income tax expense	319	9 173
Net income	69	1 820
Preferred stock dividends	(99	9) (118)
Net income applicable to common shareholders	\$ 593	2 \$ 702
Earnings per common share (basic and diluted)	\$.0.	3 \$.03

ATLANTIC AMERICAN CORPORATION CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME

(*Unaudited*; *Dollars in thousands*)

Three Months Ended March 31, 2015 2014 Net income 691 820 Other comprehensive income: Available-for-sale securities: 1,440 Gross unrealized holding gain arising in the period 5,721 Related income tax effect (2,003)(504)Less: reclassification adjustment for net realized gains included in net income (1) (951) (108)Related income tax effect (2) 333 38 866 Net effect on other comprehensive income 3,100 1,686 Total comprehensive income \$ 3,791

⁽¹⁾ Realized gains on available-for-sale securities recognized in realized investment gains, net on the accompanying condensed consolidated statements of operations.

⁽²⁾ Income tax effect on reclassification adjustment for net realized gains included in income tax expense on the accompanying condensed consolidated statements of operations.

ATLANTIC AMERICAN CORPORATION CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY

(Unaudited; Dollars in thousands)

	Preferre	ьd	Common		dditional Paid-In	Re	etained	umulated Other prehensive	Unear Stock (Tì	reasurv		
Three Months Ended March 31, 2015	Stock		Stock	_	Capital		arnings	ncome	Compen			Stock	,	Total
Balance, December 31, 2014	\$	55	\$ 22,401	\$	56,491		21,866	\$ 9,279	\$	(460)	\$	(5,437)	\$ 1	104,195
Net income		-	-		-		691	-		_		-		691
Other comprehensive income, net of														
tax		-	-		-		-	3,100		-		-		3,100
Dividends declared on common stock		-	-		-		(412)	-		-		-		(412)
Dividends accrued on preferred stock		-	-		-		(99)	-		-		-		(99)
Amortization of unearned														
compensation		-	-		-		-	-		65		-		65
Purchase of shares for treasury		-	-		-		-	-		-		(94)		(94)
Issuance of shares under stock plans					7			-				4		11
Balance, March 31, 2015	\$	55	\$ 22,401	\$	56,498	\$	22,046	\$ 12,379	\$	(395)	\$	(5,527)	\$ 1	107,457
Three Months Ended March 31, 2014														
Balance, December 31, 2013	\$	65	\$ 22,401	\$	57,103	\$	18,738	\$ 6,204	\$	(485)	\$	(3,099)	\$ 1	100,927
Net income		-	-		-		820	-		-		-		820
Other comprehensive income, net of														
tax		-	-		-		-	866		-		-		866
Dividends declared on common stock		-	-		-		(422)	-		-		-		(422)
Dividends accrued on preferred stock		-	-		-		(118)	-		-		-		(118)
Restricted stock grants		-	-		102		-	-		(178)		76		-
Amortization of unearned														
compensation		-	-		-		-	-		87		-		87
Purchase of shares for treasury		-	-		-		-	-		-		(312)		(312)
Issuance of shares under stock plans					7			 				5		12
Balance, March 31, 2014	\$	65	\$ 22,401	\$	57,212	\$	19,018	\$ 7,070	\$	(576)	\$	(3,330)	\$ 1	101,860

Cash paid for income taxes

ATLANTIC AMERICAN CORPORATION CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS

(Unaudited; Dollars in thousands)

Three Months Ended March 31, 2015 2014 CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES: Net income \$ 691 \$ 820 Adjustments to reconcile net income to net cash used in operating activities: Amortization of deferred acquisition costs 2,961 2,849 Acquisition costs deferred (2,780)(2,636)Realized investment gains, net (951)(108)Decrease in insurance reserves (8,284)(4,590)Compensation expense related to share awards 65 87 Depreciation and amortization 283 213 Deferred income tax expense 308 110 Decrease in receivables, net 4,690 2,287 Decrease in other liabilities (1,289)(3,376)Other, net 65 18 Net cash used in operating activities (4,241)(4,326)CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES: Proceeds from investments sold, called or matured 28,049 11,570 Investments purchased (20,338)(11,202)Additions to property and equipment (67)(1,666)Net cash provided by (used in) investing activities 7,644 (1,298)**CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES:** Proceeds from shares issued under stock plans 11 12 Purchase of shares for treasury (94)(312)Net cash used in financing activities (83)(300)Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents 3,320 (5,924)Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of period 16,375 33,102 Cash and cash equivalents at end of period 19,695 27,178 SUPPLEMENTAL CASH FLOW INFORMATION: Cash paid for interest 351 435

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

215

292

ATLANTIC AMERICAN CORPORATION NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(Unaudited; Dollars in thousands, except per share amounts)

Note 1. Basis of Presentation

The accompanying unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements include the accounts of Atlantic American Corporation (the "Parent") and its subsidiaries (collectively with the Parent, the "Company"). All significant intercompany accounts and transactions have been eliminated in consolidation. The accompanying financial statements have been prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America ("GAAP") for interim financial information and with the instructions to Form 10-Q and Article 8 of Regulation S-X. Accordingly, they do not include all of the information and notes required by GAAP for audited annual financial statements. In the opinion of management, all adjustments (consisting only of normal recurring adjustments) considered necessary for a fair presentation have been included. The unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements included herein and these related notes should be read in conjunction with the Company's consolidated financial statements, and the notes thereto, included in the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2014. The Company's financial condition and results of operations as of and for the three month period ended March 31, 2015 are not necessarily indicative of the financial condition or results of operations that may be expected for the year ending December 31, 2015 or for any other future period.

The preparation of financial statements in accordance with GAAP requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amount of assets and liabilities, disclosures of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements, and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ materially from those estimates.

Note 2. Segment Information

The Company's primary operating subsidiaries, American Southern Insurance Company and American Safety Insurance Company (together known as "American Southern") and Bankers Fidelity Life Insurance Company and Bankers Fidelity Assurance Company (together known as "Bankers Fidelity") operate in two principal business units, each focusing on specific products. American Southern operates in the property and casualty insurance market, while Bankers Fidelity operates in the life and health insurance market. Each business unit is managed independently and is evaluated on its individual performance. The following sets forth the revenue and income before income taxes for each business unit for the three month periods ended March 31, 2015 and 2014.

Revenues	7	Three Months Ended March 31,	
	20	15 2014	<u> </u>
American Southern	\$	14,772 \$ 1	4,201
Bankers Fidelity		26,070 2	26,838
Corporate and Other		107	121
Total revenue	\$	40,949 \$ 4	1,160
Income Before Income Taxes		Three Months Ended March 31,	
		15 2014	
American Southern	\$		1,057
Bankers Fidelity		1,190	1,648
Corporate and Other		(2,029)	(1,712)
Income before income taxes	<u>\$</u>	1,010 \$	993

Note 3. Junior Subordinated Debentures

The Company has two unconsolidated Connecticut statutory business trusts, which exist for the exclusive purposes of: (i) issuing trust preferred securities ("Trust Preferred Securities") representing undivided beneficial interests in the assets of the trusts; (ii) investing the gross proceeds of the Trust Preferred Securities in junior subordinated deferrable interest debentures ("Junior Subordinated Debentures") of Atlantic American; and (iii) engaging in only those activities necessary or incidental thereto.

The financial structure of each of Atlantic American Statutory Trust I and II as of March 31, 2015 was as follows:

		ic American tory Trust I		tlantic American tatutory Trust II		
JUNIOR SUBORDINATED DEBENTURES (1) (2)	- Otala	tory reader	_	tatatory Trabt II		
Principal amount owed	\$	18,042	\$	23,196		
Balance March 31, 2015	\$	18,042	\$	23,196		
Less: Treasury debt ⁽³⁾		<u>-</u>		(7,500)		
Net balance March 31, 2015	\$	18,042	\$	15,696		
Balance December 31, 2014	\$	18,042	\$	23,196		
Less: Treasury debt (3)		-		(7,500)		
Net balance December 31, 2014	\$	18,042	\$	15,696		
Coupon rate	LIB	OR + 4.00%		LIBOR + 4.10%		
Interest payable		Quarterly		Quarterly		
Maturity date	Decei	mber 4, 2032		May 15, 2033		
Redeemable by issuer		Yes		Yes		
TRUST PREFERRED SECURITIES						
Issuance date	Decei	mber 4, 2002		May 15, 2003		
Securities issued		17,500		22,500		
Liquidation preference per security	\$	1	\$	1		
Liquidation value		17,500		22,500		
Coupon rate	LIB	OR + 4.00%		LIBOR + 4.10%		
Distribution payable		Quarterly	Quarter			
Distribution guaranteed by ⁽⁴⁾	Atlan	tic American	1	Atlantic American		
		Corporation		Corporation		

- (1) For each of the respective debentures, the Company has the right at any time, and from time to time, to defer payments of interest on the Junior Subordinated Debentures for a period not exceeding 20 consecutive quarters up to the debentures' respective maturity dates. During any such period, interest will continue to accrue and the Company may not declare or pay any cash dividends or distributions on, or purchase, the Company's common stock nor make any principal, interest or premium payments on or repurchase any debt securities that rank equally with or junior to the Junior Subordinated Debentures. The Company has the right at any time to dissolve each of the trusts and cause the Junior Subordinated Debentures to be distributed to the holders of the Trust Preferred Securities.
- (2) The Junior Subordinated Debentures are unsecured and rank junior and subordinate in right of payment to all senior debt of the Parent and are effectively subordinated to all existing and future liabilities of its subsidiaries.
- (3) On August 4, 2014, the Company acquired \$7,500 of the Junior Subordinated Debentures.
- (4) The Parent has guaranteed, on a subordinated basis, all of the obligations under the Trust Preferred Securities, including payment of the redemption price and any accumulated and unpaid distributions to the extent of available funds and upon dissolution, winding up or liquidation.

Note 4. Earnings Per Common Share

A reconciliation of the numerator and denominator used in the earnings per common share calculations is as follows:

	Three Months Ended March 31, 2015								
	 Income			Per Share Amount					
Basic and Diluted Earnings Per Common Share:		(In thousands)							
Net income	\$ 691	20,591							
Less preferred stock dividends	(99)	-							
Net income applicable to common shareholders	\$ 592	20,591	\$.03					
	 Т	hree Months Ended March 31, 2014	l						
		Shares	F	er Share					
	 Income	(In thousands)		Amount					
Basic and Diluted Earnings Per Common Share:									
Net income	\$ 820	21,073							
Less preferred stock dividends	 (118)								
Net income applicable to common shareholders	\$ 702	21,073	\$.03					

The assumed conversion of the Company's Series D preferred stock was excluded from the earnings per common share calculation for all periods presented since its impact would have been antidilutive.

Note 5. Income Taxes

A reconciliation of the differences between income taxes computed at the federal statutory income tax rate and income tax expense is as follows:

	Three Months Ended March 31,				
		2015		2014	
Federal income tax provision at statutory rate of 35%	\$	354	\$	348	
Dividends-received deduction		(27)		(31)	
Small life insurance company deduction		(18)		(116)	
Other permanent differences		10		10	
Change in asset valuation allowance due to change in judgment relating to realizability					
of deferred tax assets		-		(38)	
Income tax expense	\$	319	\$	173	

The components of income tax expense were:

	Three Months Ended March 31,					
	2	2015		2014		
Current – Federal	\$	11	\$	63		
Deferred – Federal		308		148		
Change in deferred tax asset valuation allowance		<u>-</u>		(38)		
Total	\$	319	\$	173		

The primary differences between the effective tax rate and the federal statutory income tax rate for the three month period ended March 31, 2015 resulted from the dividends-received deduction ("DRD") and the small life insurance company deduction ("SLD"). The current estimated DRD is adjusted as underlying factors change and can vary from estimates based on, but not limited to, actual distributions from investments as well as the amount of the Company's taxable income. The SLD varies in amount and is determined at a rate of 60 percent of the tentative life insurance company taxable income ("LICTI"). The SLD for any taxable year is reduced (but not below zero) by 15 percent of the tentative LICTI for such taxable year as it exceeds \$3,000 and is ultimately phased out at \$15,000.

The primary differences between the effective tax rate and the federal statutory income tax rate for the three month period ended March 31, 2014 resulted from the DRD, the SLD and the change in deferred tax asset valuation allowance. The change in deferred tax asset valuation allowance was due to the utilization of certain capital loss carryforward benefits that had been previously reduced to zero through an existing valuation allowance reserve.

Note 6. Commitments and Contingencies

From time to time, the Company is, and expects to continue to be, involved in various claims and lawsuits incidental to and in the ordinary course of its businesses. In the opinion of management, any such known claims are not expected to have a material effect on the financial condition or results of operations of the Company.

Note 7. Investments

The following tables set forth the carrying value, gross unrealized gains, gross unrealized losses and amortized cost of the Company's investments, aggregated by type and industry, as of March 31, 2015 and December 31, 2014.

Investments were comprised of the following:

	March 31, 2015								
		arrying Value	Unre	oss alized iins	Gros Unreali Losse	zed		nortized Cost	
Fixed maturities:									
Bonds:									
U.S. Treasury securities and obligations of U.S. Government agencies and								40.000	
authorities	\$	20,433	\$	501	\$	57	\$	19,989	
Obligations of states and political subdivisions		21,764		963		36		20,837	
Corporate securities:									
Utilities and telecom		13,832		2,279		-		11,553	
Financial services		58,047		4,495		454		54,006	
Other business – diversified		73,277		2,704		1,287		71,860	
Other consumer – diversified		22,243		691		494		22,046	
Total corporate securities		167,399		10,169		2,235		159,465	
Redeemable preferred stocks:									
Financial services		256		6		-		250	
Other consumer – diversified		193						193	
Total redeemable preferred stocks		449		6				443	
Total fixed maturities	·	210,045		11,639		2,328		200,734	
Equity securities:									
Common and non-redeemable preferred stocks:									
Utilities and telecom		1,459		495		-		964	
Financial services		6,192		848		-		5,344	
Other business – diversified		217		170		-		47	
Other consumer – diversified		13,835		8,221				5,614	
Total equity securities		21,703		9,734		_		11,969	
Other invested assets		2,968		-		_		2,968	
Policy loans		2,179		-		-		2,179	
Real estate		38		-		-		38	
Investments in unconsolidated trusts		1,238						1,238	
Total investments	\$	238,171	\$	21,373	\$	2,328	\$	219,126	

	December 31, 2014								
	Carrying Value				Unreali	Gross Unrealized Losses		nortized Cost	
Fixed maturities:									
Bonds:									
U.S. Treasury securities and obligations of U.S. Government agencies and authorities	\$	33,898	\$	1,459	\$	30	\$	32,469	
	Þ		Φ	681	φ	30	Þ		
Obligations of states and political subdivisions		11,459		681				10,778	
Corporate securities: Utilities and telecom		12.000		2 255				11 625	
Financial services		13,980 59,224		2,355		588		11,625 56,408	
Other business – diversified		70,139		3,404 2,076		1,830		69,893	
Other consumer – diversified		25,388		332		547		25,603	
Total corporate securities		168,731	_	8,167	_	2,965	_	163,529	
-		100,/31		0,107		2,903	_	103,329	
Redeemable preferred stocks: Financial services		608		8				600	
Other consumer – diversified		192		0		_		192	
			_	8	_		_		
Total redeemable preferred stocks		800				-		792	
Total fixed maturities		214,888	1	0,315		2,995		207,568	
Equity securities:									
Common and non-redeemable preferred stocks:				400				22.	
Utilities and telecom		1,403		439		-		964	
Financial services		6,083		739		-		5,344	
Other business – diversified		226		179		-		47 5 C1 4	
Other consumer – diversified		11,212		5,598				5,614	
Total equity securities		18,924		6,955				11,969	
Other invested assets		2,995		-		-		2,995	
Policy loans		2,202		-		-		2,202	
Real estate		38		-		-		38	
Investments in unconsolidated trusts	_	1,238						1,238	
Total investments	\$	240,285	\$ 1	7,270	\$	2,995	\$	226,010	

The carrying value and amortized cost of the Company's investments in fixed maturities at March 31, 2015 by contractual maturity were as follows. Actual maturities may differ from contractual maturities because issuers may have the right to call or prepay obligations with or without call or prepayment penalties.

	 March 31, 2015						
	 Carrying		Amortized				
	 Value	Cost					
Due in one year or less	\$ 2,364	\$	2,305				
Due after one year through five years	17,062		16,477				
Due after five years through ten years	107,650		103,404				
Due after ten years	81,828		77,553				
Varying maturities	1,141		995				
Totals	\$ 210,045	\$	200,734				

The following table sets forth the carrying value, amortized cost, and net unrealized gains of the Company's investments aggregated by industry as of March 31, 2015 and December 31, 2014.

	March 31, 2015					December 31, 2014					
	Carrying	Amortized Unr		Unrealized	ed Carrying		Amortized			Unrealized	
	 Value		Cost		Gains		Value		Cost		Gains
U.S. Treasury securities and obligations of											
U.S. Government agencies and authorities	\$ 20,433	\$	19,989	\$	444	\$	33,898	\$	32,469	\$	1,429
Obligations of states and political											
subdivisions	21,764		20,837		927		11,459		10,778		681
Utilities and telecom	15,291		12,517		2,774		15,383		12,589		2,794
Financial services	64,495		59,600		4,895		65,915		62,352		3,563
Other business – diversified	73,494		71,907		1,587		70,365		69,940		425
Other consumer – diversified	36,271		27,853		8,418		36,792		31,409		5,383
Other investments	 6,423		6,423		<u>-</u>		6,473		6,473		-
Investments	\$ 238,171	\$	219,126	\$	19,045	\$	240,285	\$	226,010	\$	14,275

The following tables present the Company's unrealized loss aging for securities by type and length of time the security was in a continuous unrealized loss position as of March 31, 2015 and December 31, 2014.

	March 31, 2015											
	Less than 12 months 12				12 months	or	longer		Total			
	Fair Value		Unrealized Losses		Fair Value		Unrealized Losses		Fair Value		Unrealized Losses	
U.S. Treasury securities and obligations of												
U.S. Government agencies and authorities	\$ 4,626	\$	56	\$	503	\$	1	\$	5,129	\$	57	
Obligations of states and political												
subdivisions	5,993		36		-		-		5,993		36	
Corporate securities	22,616		1,125		9,531		1,110		32,147		2,235	
Total temporarily impaired securities	\$ 33,235	\$	1,217	\$	10,034	\$	1,111	\$	43,269	\$	2,328	

December 31, 2014

	,												
		Less than 12 months				12 months or longer				Total			
		Fair		Unrealized		Fair		Unrealized		Fair		Unrealized	
		Value		Losses		Value		Losses		Value		Losses	
U.S. Treasury securities and obligations of													
U.S. Government agencies and authorities	\$	3,695	\$	7	\$	2,692	\$	23	\$	6,387	\$	30	
Corporate securities		43,996		1,604		9,293		1,361		53,289		2,965	
Total temporarily impaired securities	\$	47,691	\$	1,611	\$	11,985	\$	1,384	\$	59,676	\$	2,995	

The evaluation for an other than temporary impairment is a quantitative and qualitative process, which is subject to risks and uncertainties in the determination of whether declines in the fair value of investments are other than temporary. Potential risks and uncertainties include, among other things, changes in general economic conditions, an issuer's financial condition or near term recovery prospects and the effects of changes in interest rates. In evaluating a potential impairment, the Company considers, among other factors, management's intent and ability to hold the securities until price recovery, the nature of the investment and the expectation of prospects for the issuer and its industry, the status of an issuer's continued satisfaction of its obligations in accordance with their contractual terms, and management's expectation as to the issuer's ability and intent to continue to do so, as well as ratings actions that may affect the issuer's credit status.

As of March 31, 2015, securities in an unrealized loss position primarily included certain of the Company's investments in fixed maturities within the other diversified business, other diversified consumer and financial services sectors. Securities in an unrealized loss position reported in the other diversified business sector included gross unrealized losses of \$1,088 related to investments in fixed maturities in the oil and gas industry. The Company does not currently intend to sell nor does it expect to be required to sell any of the securities in an unrealized loss position. Based upon the Company's expected continuation of receipt of contractually required principal and interest payments and its intent and ability to retain the securities until price recovery, as well as the Company's evaluation of other relevant factors, including those described above, the Company has deemed these securities to be temporarily impaired as of March 31, 2015.

The following describes the fair value hierarchy and provides information as to the extent to which the Company uses fair value to measure the value of its financial instruments and information about the inputs used to value those financial instruments. The fair value hierarchy prioritizes the inputs in the valuation techniques used to measure fair value into three broad levels.

- Level 1 Observable inputs that reflect quoted prices for identical assets or liabilities in active markets that the Company has the ability to access at the measurement date. The Company's financial instruments valued using Level 1 criteria include cash equivalents and exchange traded common stocks.
- Level 2 Observable inputs, other than quoted prices included in Level 1, for an asset or liability or prices for similar assets or liabilities. The Company's financial instruments valued using Level 2 criteria include significantly all of its fixed maturities, which consist of U.S. Treasury securities and U.S. Government securities, obligations of states and political subdivisions, and certain corporate fixed maturities, as well as its non-redeemable preferred stocks. In determining fair value measurements using Level 2 criteria, the Company utilizes various external pricing sources.
- Level 3 Valuations that are derived from techniques in which one or more of the significant inputs are unobservable (including assumptions about risk). Fair value is based on criteria that use assumptions or other data that are not readily observable from objective sources. The Company's financial instruments valued using Level 3 criteria consist of a limited number of fixed maturities. As of March 31, 2015 and December 31, 2014, the value of the Company's fixed maturities valued using Level 3 criteria was \$2,264 and \$2,214, respectively. The use of different criteria or assumptions regarding data may have yielded materially different valuations.

As of March 31, 2015, financial instruments carried at fair value were measured on a recurring basis as summarized below:

	Quoted	l Prices						
	in A	ctive	S	Significant				
	Mar	kets		Other	S	Significant		
	for Ide	entical	C	bservable	Ur	nobservable		
	Ass	sets		Inputs		Inputs		
	(Lev	el 1)	((Level 2)	((Level 3)		Total
Assets:						· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		
Fixed maturities	\$	-	\$	207,781	\$	2,264	\$	210,045
Equity securities		15,811		5,892		-		21,703
Cash equivalents		19,695		-		-		19,695
Total	\$	35,506	\$	213,673	\$	2,264	\$	251,443
Total	φ	33,300	Ψ	213,073	Φ	2,204	Ψ	231,443

As of December 31, 2014, financial instruments carried at fair value were measured on a recurring basis as summarized below:

	Quot	ted Prices					
	in	Active	S	ignificant			
	M	Iarkets		Other	S	Significant	
	for	Identical	O	bservable	Ur	nobservable	
	P	Assets		Inputs		Inputs	
	(L	evel 1)	((Level 2)	((Level 3)	Total
Assets:						,	
Fixed maturities	\$	-	\$	212,674	\$	2,214	\$ 214,888
Equity securities		13,148		5,776		-	18,924
Cash equivalents		15,009		-		-	15,009
Total	\$	28,157	\$	218,450	\$	2,214	\$ 248,821

The following is a roll-forward of the Company's financial instruments measured at fair value on a recurring basis using significant unobservable inputs (Level 3) for the three month period ended March 31, 2015.

		Fixed
	Ma	aturities
Balance, December 31, 2014	\$	2,214
Total unrealized gains included in other comprehensive income		50
Balance, March 31, 2015	\$	2,264

The Company's fixed maturities valued using Level 3 inputs consist solely of issuances of pooled debt obligations of multiple, smaller financial services companies. They are not actively traded and valuation techniques used to measure fair value are based on future estimated cash flows (based on current cash flows) discounted at reasonable estimated rates of interest. There are no assumed prepayments and/or default probability assumptions as a majority of these instruments contain certain U.S. government agency strips to support repayment of the principal. Other qualitative and quantitative information received from the original underwriter of the pooled offerings is also considered, as applicable.

Note 8. Fair Values of Financial Instruments

The estimated fair values have been determined by the Company using available market information from various market sources and appropriate valuation methodologies as of the respective dates. However, considerable judgment is necessary to interpret market data and to develop the estimates of fair value. Although management is not aware of any factors that would significantly affect the estimated fair value amounts, the estimates presented herein are not necessarily indicative of the amounts which the Company could realize in a current market exchange. The use of different market assumptions and/or estimation methodologies may have a material effect on the estimated fair value amounts.

The following table sets forth the carrying amount, estimated fair value and level within the fair value hierarchy of the Company's financial instruments as of March 31, 2015 and December 31, 2014.

			March 3	31, 20	015	December 31, 2014			
	Level in Fair Value Hierarchy ⁽¹⁾			Estimated Fair Value		Carrying Amount			Estimated Fair Value
Assets:		_		_		_		_	
Cash and cash equivalents	Level 1	\$	19,695	\$	19,695	\$	16,375	\$	16,375
Fixed maturities	(1)		210,045		210,045		214,888		214,888
Equity securities	(1)		21,703		21,703		18,924		18,924
Other invested assets	Level 3		2,968		2,968		2,995		2,995
Policy loans	Level 2		2,179		2,179		2,202		2,202
Real estate	Level 2		38		38		38		38
Investment in unconsolidated trusts	Level 2		1,238		1,238		1,238		1,238
<u>Liabilities:</u>									
Junior Subordinated Debentures, net	Level 2		33,738		33,738		33,738		33,738

⁽¹⁾ See Note 7 for a description of the fair value hierarchy as well as a disclosure of levels for classes of these financial assets.

Note 9. Accumulated Other Comprehensive Income

The following table sets forth the balance of each component of accumulated other comprehensive income as of March 31, 2015 and December 31, 2014, and the changes in the balance of each component thereof during the three month period ended March 31, 2015, net of taxes.

	on Ava	lized Gains ailable-for- Securities
Balance, December 31, 2014	\$	9,279
Other comprehensive income before reclassifications		3,718
Amounts reclassified from accumulated other comprehensive income		(618)
Net current-period other comprehensive income		3,100
Balance, March 31, 2015	\$	12,379

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS OF FINANCIAL CONDITION AND RESULTS OF OPERATIONS

The following is management's discussion and analysis of the financial condition and results of operations of Atlantic American Corporation ("Atlantic American" or the "Parent") and its subsidiaries (collectively with the Parent, the "Company") as of and for the three month period ended March 31, 2015. This discussion should be read in conjunction with the unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements and notes thereto included elsewhere herein, as well as with the audited consolidated financial statements and notes included in the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2014.

Atlantic American is an insurance holding company whose operations are conducted primarily through its insurance subsidiaries: American Southern Insurance Company and American Safety Insurance Company (together known as "American Southern") and Bankers Fidelity Life Insurance Company and Bankers Fidelity Assurance Company (together known as "Bankers Fidelity"). Each operating company is managed separately, offers different products and is evaluated on its individual performance.

Critical Accounting Policies

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America ("GAAP") requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect reported amounts and related disclosures. Actual results could differ significantly from those estimates. The Company has identified certain estimates that involve a higher degree of judgment and are subject to a significant degree of variability. The Company's critical accounting policies and the resultant estimates considered most significant by management are disclosed in the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2014. During the three month period ended March 31, 2015, there were no changes to the critical accounting policies or related estimates from those disclosed in the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2014.

Overall Corporate Results

The following presents the Company's revenue, expenses and net income for the three month period ended March 31, 2015 and the comparable period in 2014:

Three Months Ended

	11	Three Months Ended						
		Marcl	ı 31,					
	201	5		2014				
		(In thou	sands)				
Insurance premiums	\$	37,386	\$	38,418				
Investment income		2,597		2,598				
Realized investment gains, net		951		108				
Other income		15		36				
Total revenue		40,949		41,160				
Insurance benefits and losses incurred		25,241		26,828				
Commissions and underwriting expenses		10,721		9,907				
Other expense		3,628		3,003				
Interest expense		349		429				
Total benefits and expenses		39,939		40,167				
Income before income taxes	\$	1,010	\$	993				
Net income	\$	691	\$	820				

Management also considers and evaluates performance by analyzing the non-GAAP measure operating income, and believes it is a useful metric for investors, potential investors, securities analysts and others because it isolates the "core" operating results of the Company before considering certain items that are either beyond the control of management (such as taxes, which are subject to timing, regulatory and rate changes depending on the timing of the associated revenues and expenses) or are not expected to regularly impact the Company's operational results (such as any realized investment gains, which are not a part of the Company's primary operations and are, to an extent, subject to discretion in terms of timing of realization).

A reconciliation of net income to operating income for the three month period ended March 31, 2015 and the comparable period in 2014 is as follows:

	Three Months Ended March 31,							
Reconciliation of Net Income to non-GAAP Measurement		2	014					
	(In thousands)							
Net income	\$	691	\$	820				
Income tax expense		319		173				
Realized investment gains, net		(951)		(108)				
Operating income	\$	59	\$	885				

On a consolidated basis, the Company had net income of \$0.7 million, or \$0.03 per diluted share, for the three month period ended March 31, 2015, compared to net income of \$0.8 million, or \$0.03 per diluted share, for the three month period ended March 31, 2014. Premium revenue for the three month period ended March 31, 2015 decreased \$1.0 million, or 2.7%, to \$37.4 million. The decrease in premium revenue was primarily due to a decrease in Medicare supplement business in the life and health operations resulting from a decline in both first year and renewal premiums. Operating income decreased to \$0.1 million in the three month period ended March 31, 2015 from \$0.9 million in the comparable period of 2014. The decrease in operating income for the three month period ended March 31, 2015 was primarily attributable to unfavorable loss experience in the life and health operations coupled with a decrease in premium revenue as well as an increase in other expense of \$0.7 million due to increased legal and consulting fees. Partially offsetting the decrease in operating income was the reduction in interest expense from the decrease in the average outstanding balance of the Company's junior subordinated deferrable interest debentures ("Junior Subordinated Debentures") as well as increased profitability in the property and casualty operations.

A more detailed analysis of the individual operating companies and other corporate activities is provided below.

American Southern

The following summarizes American Southern's premiums, losses, expenses and underwriting ratios for the three month period ended March 31, 2015 and the comparable period in 2014:

		Three Months Ended						
		Marc	h 31,					
	<u></u>	2015		2014				
		(Dollars in thousands)						
Gross written premiums	\$	8,585	\$	7,386				
Ceded premiums		(1,435)		(1,705)				
Net written premiums	\$	7,150	\$	5,681				
Net earned premiums	\$	13,263	\$	13,026				
Net loss and loss adjustment expenses		8,488		10,097				
Underwriting expenses		4,436		3,047				
Underwriting loss	\$	339	\$	(118)				
Loss ratio		64.0%)	77.5%				
Expense ratio		33.4		23.4				
Combined ratio		97.4%		100.9%				

Gross written premiums at American Southern increased \$1.2 million, or 16.2%, during the three month period ended March 31, 2015 over the comparable period in 2014. The increase in gross written premiums was primarily attributable to an increase of \$1.4 million in automobile physical damage written premiums resulting from two new programs which incepted in 2014 as well as an increase in surety business of \$0.8 million from an existing agency. Partially offsetting the increase in gross written premiums was a decrease of \$1.0 million in the commercial automobile liability line of business due primarily to the cancellation of an agency in the second quarter of 2014.

Ceded premiums decreased \$0.3 million, or 15.8%, during the three month period ended March 31, 2015 from the comparable period in 2014. American Southern's ceded premiums are determined as a percentage of earned premiums. The decrease in ceded premiums for the three month period ended March 31, 2015 was primarily attributable to the decline in commercial automobile liability earned premiums. Commercial automobile liability business generally has higher contractual reinsurance cession rates than other lines of business.

The following presents American Southern's net earned premiums by line of business for the three month period ended March 31, 2015 and the comparable period in 2014:

	 Three Months Ended March 31,		
	 2015 2014		
	 (In thousands)		
Automobile liability	\$ 5,725	\$	7,137
Automobile physical damage	3,675		2,276
General liability	767		936
Property	996		845
Surety	2,100		1,832
Total	\$ 13,263	\$	13,026

Net earned premiums increased \$0.2 million, or 1.8%, during the three month period ended March 31, 2015 over the comparable period in 2014. The increase in net earned premiums was primarily attributable to increases in automobile physical damage, property and surety earned premiums from both new and existing programs. Partially offsetting the increase was the decrease in commercial automobile liability earned premiums due primarily to an agency cancellation. Premiums are earned ratably over their respective policy terms, and therefore premiums earned in the current year are related to policies written during both the current year and immediately preceding year.

The performance of an insurance company is often measured by its combined ratio. The combined ratio represents the percentage of losses, loss adjustment expenses and other expenses that are incurred for each dollar of premium earned by the company. A combined ratio of under 100% represents an underwriting profit while a combined ratio of over 100% indicates an underwriting loss. The combined ratio is divided into two components, the loss ratio (the ratio of losses and loss adjustment expenses incurred to premiums earned) and the expense ratio (the ratio of expenses incurred to premiums earned).

Net loss and loss adjustment expenses at American Southern decreased \$1.6 million, or 15.9%, during the three month period ended March 31, 2015 from the comparable period in 2014. As a percentage of premiums, net loss and loss adjustment expenses were 64.0% in the three month period ended March 31, 2015, compared to 77.5% in the three month period ended March 31, 2014. The decrease in the loss ratio was due to more favorable loss experience in significantly all lines of business. The improvement in the loss ratio was primarily attributable to actions taken in the prior year to better rationalize American Southern's book of business and to strengthen guidelines with respect to new and renewal business.

Underwriting expenses increased \$1.4 million, or 45.6%, during the three month period ended March 31, 2015 over the comparable period in 2014. As a percentage of premiums, underwriting expenses were 33.4% in the three month period ended March 31, 2015, compared to 23.4% in the three month period ended March 31, 2014. The increase in the expense ratio was primarily due to American Southern's variable commission structure, which compensates the company's agents in relation to the loss ratios of the business they write. During periods in which the loss ratio decreases, commissions and underwriting expenses will generally increase, and conversely, during periods in which the loss ratio increases, commissions and underwriting expenses will generally decrease. During the three month period ended March 31, 2015, these commissions at American Southern increased \$1.3 million from the comparable period in 2014 due to more favorable loss experience.

Bankers Fidelity

The following summarizes Bankers Fidelity's earned premiums, losses, expenses and underwriting ratios for the three month period ended March 31, 2015 and the comparable period in 2014:

		Three Months Ended		
	_	March 31,		
	_	2015 2014 (Dollars in thousands)		
	_			
Medicare supplement	\$	20,369	\$ 21,527	
Other health products		1,198	1,189	
Life insurance	_	2,556	2,676	
Total earned premiums		24,123	25,392	
Insurance benefits and losses		16,753	16,731	
Underwriting expenses		8,127	8,460	
Total expenses		24,880	25,191	
Underwriting income (loss)	\$	(757)	\$ 201	
Loss ratio	_	69.4%	65.9%	
Expense ratio	_	33.7	33.3	
Combined ratio		103.1%	99.2%	

Premium revenue at Bankers Fidelity decreased \$1.3 million, or 5.0%, during the three month period ended March 31, 2015 from the comparable period in 2014. Premiums from the Medicare supplement line of business decreased \$1.2 million, or 5.4%, during the three month period ended March 31, 2015, due primarily to a decline in both first year and renewal premiums. Other health product premiums increased slightly during the same comparable period, primarily as a result of new sales of the company's group health products. Premiums from the life insurance line of business decreased \$0.1 million, or 4.5%, during the three month period ended March 31, 2015 due to the redemption and settlement of existing policy obligations exceeding the level of new sales activity.

Benefits and losses increased slightly during the three month period ended March 31, 2015 over the comparable period in 2014. As a percentage of premiums, benefits and losses were 69.4% in the three month period ended March 31, 2015, compared to 65.9% in the three month period ended March 31, 2014. The increase in the loss ratio was primarily attributable to higher losses in the Medicare supplement line of business coupled with the decrease in premium revenue discussed previously. Also contributing to the increase in the loss ratio was more favorable loss experience in the three month period ended March 31, 2014 due to reduced medical utilization by policyholders resulting from worse than normal winter weather in the company's primary markets which did not recur in the 2015 comparable period.

Underwriting expenses decreased \$0.3 million, or 3.9%, during the three month period ended March 31, 2015 from the comparable period in 2014, due primarily to a decrease in agency related expenses of \$0.3 million. As a percentage of premiums, underwriting expenses were 33.7% in the three month period ended March 31, 2015, compared to 33.3% in the three month period ended March 31, 2014. The slight increase in the expense ratio was primarily attributable to the decrease in premium revenue.

INVESTMENT INCOME AND REALIZED GAINS

Investment income for the three month period ended March 31, 2015 was virtually unchanged from the comparable period in 2014. While the Company has experienced a decrease in the average yield on fixed maturities, the average invested balances in fixed maturities were higher in the first quarter of 2015 than in the first quarter of 2014.

The Company had net realized investment gains of \$1.0 million during the three month period ended March 31, 2015, compared to net realized investment gains of \$0.1 million in the three month period ended March 31, 2014. The net realized investment gains in the three month periods ended March 31, 2015 and 2014 resulted from the disposition of several of the Company's investments in fixed maturities. Management continually evaluates the Company's investment portfolio and, as may be determined to be appropriate, makes adjustments for impairments and/or will divest investments.

INTEREST EXPENSE

Interest expense decreased \$0.1 million, or 18.6%, during the three month period ended March 31, 2015 from the comparable period in 2014 due to a decrease in the outstanding amount of Junior Subordinated Debentures. On August 4, 2014, the Company acquired \$7.5 million of its then outstanding Junior Subordinated Debentures, which decreased the outstanding balance to \$33.7 million and resulted in lower interest expense.

OTHER EXPENSES

Other expenses (commissions, underwriting expenses, and other expenses) increased \$1.4 million, or 11.1%, during the three month period ended March 31, 2015 over the comparable period in 2014. The increase in other expenses was primarily attributable to an increase in commission accruals at American Southern. During the three month period ended March 31, 2015, these commissions at American Southern increased \$1.3 million from the comparable period in 2014 due to more favorable loss experience. The majority of American Southern's business is structured in a way that agents are compensated based upon the loss ratios of the business they place with the company. During periods in which the loss ratio decreases, commissions and underwriting expenses will generally increase, and conversely, during periods in which the loss ratio increases, commissions and underwriting expenses will generally decrease. Also contributing to the increase in other expenses was an increase in legal and consulting fees of \$0.7 million. Partially offsetting the increase in other expenses for the three month period ended March 31, 2015 was a decrease in agency related expenses in the life and health operations of \$0.3 million as well as a decrease in incentive compensation accruals of \$0.4 million due to the Company's recent operating performance. On a consolidated basis, as a percentage of earned premiums, other expenses increased to 38.4% in the three month period ended March 31, 2015 from 33.6% in the three month period ended March 31, 2014. The increase in the expense ratio was primarily attributable to increases in commission accruals and other expenses both discussed previously.

INCOME TAXES

The primary differences between the effective tax rate and the federal statutory income tax rate for the three month period ended March 31, 2015 resulted from the dividends-received deduction ("DRD") and the small life insurance company deduction ("SLD"). The current estimated DRD is adjusted as underlying factors change and can vary from estimates based on, but not limited to, actual distributions from investments as well as the amount of the Company's taxable income. The SLD varies in amount and is determined at a rate of 60 percent of the tentative life insurance company taxable income ("LICTI"). The SLD for any taxable year is reduced (but not below zero) by 15 percent of the tentative LICTI for such taxable year as it exceeds \$3.0 million and is ultimately phased out at \$15.0 million.

The primary differences between the effective tax rate and the federal statutory income tax rate for the three month period ended March 31, 2014 resulted from the DRD, the SLD and the change in deferred tax asset valuation allowance. The change in deferred tax asset valuation allowance was due to the utilization of certain capital loss carryforward benefits that had been previously reduced to zero through an existing valuation allowance reserve.

LIQUIDITY AND CAPITAL RESOURCES

The primary cash needs of the Company are for the payment of claims and operating expenses, maintaining adequate statutory capital and surplus levels, and meeting debt service requirements. Current and expected patterns of claim frequency and severity may change from period to period but generally are expected to continue within historical ranges. The Company's primary sources of cash are written premiums, investment income and proceeds from the sale and maturity of its invested assets. The Company believes that, within each operating company, total invested assets will be sufficient to satisfy all policy liabilities and that cash inflows from investment earnings, future premium receipts and reinsurance collections will be adequate to fund the payment of claims and expenses as needed.

Cash flows at the Parent are derived from dividends, management fees, and tax-sharing payments, as described below, from the subsidiaries. The principal cash needs of the Parent are for the payment of operating expenses, the acquisition of capital assets and debt service requirements, as well as the repurchase of shares and payments of any dividends as may be authorized and approved by the Company's board of directors from time to time. At March 31, 2015, the Parent had approximately \$21.3 million of unrestricted cash and investments.

The Parent's insurance subsidiaries reported statutory net income of \$2.6 million for the three month period ended March 31, 2015 compared to statutory net income of \$2.7 million for the three month period ended March 31, 2014. Statutory results are impacted by the recognition of all costs of acquiring business. In periods in which the Company's first year premiums increase, statutory results are generally lower than results determined under GAAP. Statutory results for the Company's property and casualty operations may differ from the Company's results of operations under GAAP due to the deferral of acquisition costs for financial reporting purposes. The Company's life and health operations' statutory results may differ from GAAP results primarily due to the deferral of acquisition costs for financial reporting purposes, as well as the use of different reserving methods.

Over 90% of the invested assets of the Parent's insurance subsidiaries are invested in marketable securities that can be converted into cash, if required; however, the use of such assets by the Company is limited by state insurance regulations. Dividend payments to a parent corporation by its wholly owned insurance subsidiaries are subject to annual limitations and are restricted to 10% of statutory surplus or statutory earnings before recognizing realized investment gains of the individual insurance subsidiaries. At March 31, 2015, American Southern had \$39.6 million of statutory surplus and Bankers Fidelity had \$34.8 million of statutory surplus. In 2015, dividend payments by the Parent's insurance subsidiaries in excess of \$7.6 million would require prior approval.

The Parent provides certain administrative and other services to each of its insurance subsidiaries. The amounts charged to and paid by the subsidiaries include reimbursements for various shared services and other expenses incurred directly on behalf of the subsidiaries by the Parent. In addition, there is in place a formal tax-sharing agreement between the Parent and its insurance subsidiaries. As a result of the Parent's tax loss, it is anticipated that the tax-sharing agreement will continue to provide the Parent with additional funds from profitable subsidiaries to assist in meeting its cash flow obligations.

The Company has two statutory trusts which exist for the exclusive purpose of issuing trust preferred securities representing undivided beneficial interests in the assets of the trusts and investing the gross proceeds of the trust preferred securities in Junior Subordinated Debentures. The outstanding \$18.0 million and \$15.7 million of Junior Subordinated Debentures mature on December 4, 2032 and May 15, 2033, respectively, are callable quarterly, in whole or in part, only at the option of the Company, and have an interest rate of three-month LIBOR plus an applicable margin. The margin ranges from 4.00% to 4.10%. At March 31, 2015, the effective interest rate was 4.3%. The obligations of the Company with respect to the issuances of the trust preferred securities represent a full and unconditional guarantee by the Parent of each trust's obligations with respect to the trust preferred securities. Subject to certain exceptions and limitations, the Company may elect from time to time to defer Junior Subordinated Debenture interest payments, which would result in a deferral of distribution payments on the related trust preferred securities. The Company has not made such an election.

The Company intends to pay its obligations under the Junior Subordinated Debentures using existing cash balances, dividend and tax-sharing payments from the operating subsidiaries, or from potential future financing arrangements.

At March 31, 2015, the Company had 55,000 shares of Series D preferred stock ("Series D Preferred Stock") outstanding. All of the shares of Series D Preferred Stock are held by an affiliate of the Company's controlling shareholder. The outstanding shares of Series D Preferred Stock have a stated value of \$100 per share; accrue annual dividends at a rate of \$7.25 per share (payable in cash or shares of the Company's common stock at the option of the board of directors of the Company) and are cumulative. In certain circumstances, the shares of the Series D Preferred Stock may be convertible into an aggregate of approximately 1,378,000 shares of the Company's common stock, subject to certain adjustments and provided that such adjustments do not result in the Company issuing more than approximately 2,703,000 shares of common stock without obtaining prior shareholder approval; and are redeemable solely at the Company's option. The Series D Preferred Stock is not currently convertible. At March 31, 2015, the Company had accrued but unpaid dividends on the Series D Preferred Stock totaling \$0.1 million.

Cash and cash equivalents increased from \$16.4 million at December 31, 2014 to \$19.7 million at March 31, 2015. The increase in cash and cash equivalents during the three month period ended March 31, 2015 was primarily attributable to a \$7.7 million increase resulting from the sale and maturity of securities exceeding investment purchases. Partially offsetting the increase in cash and cash equivalents was net cash used in operating activities of \$4.2 million, additions to property and equipment of \$0.1 million and the purchase of shares for treasury for \$0.1 million.

The Company believes that existing cash balances as well as the dividends, fees, and tax-sharing payments it expects to receive from its subsidiaries and, if needed, additional borrowings from financial institutions, will enable the Company to meet its liquidity requirements for the foreseeable future.

Management is not aware of any current recommendations by regulatory authorities, which, if implemented, would have a material adverse effect on the Company's liquidity, capital resources or operations.

Item 4. Controls and Procedures

We maintain disclosure controls and procedures that are designed to ensure that information required to be disclosed in our Securities Exchange Act of 1934 (the "Exchange Act") reports is recorded, processed, summarized and reported within the time periods specified in the SEC's rules and forms, and that such information is accumulated and communicated to management, including the Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer, as appropriate, to allow timely decisions regarding required disclosure. Management necessarily applies its judgment in assessing the costs and benefits of such controls and procedures, which, by their nature, can provide only reasonable assurance regarding management's control objectives. The Company's management, including the Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer, does not expect that our disclosure controls and procedures can prevent all possible errors or fraud. A control system, no matter how well conceived and operated, can provide only reasonable, not absolute, assurance that the objectives of the control system are met. There are inherent limitations in all control systems, including the realities that judgments in decision-making can be faulty, and that breakdowns can occur because of simple errors or mistakes. Additionally, controls can be circumvented by the individual acts of one or more persons. The design of any system of controls is based in part upon certain assumptions about the likelihood of future events, and, while our disclosure controls and procedures are designed to be effective under circumstances where they should reasonably be expected to operate effectively, there can be no assurance that any design will succeed in achieving its stated goals under all potential future conditions. Because of the inherent limitations in any control system, misstatements due to possible errors or fraud may occur and may not be detected. An evaluation was performed under the supervision and with the participation of our management, including the Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer, of the effectiveness of the design and operation of our disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e) of the Exchange Act). Based on that evaluation, our management, including the Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer, concluded that our disclosure controls and procedures were effective as of the end of the period covered by this report.

There have been no changes in our internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the period covered by this report that have materially affected, or are reasonably likely to materially affect, our internal control over financial reporting.

CAUTIONARY NOTE REGARDING FORWARD-LOOKING STATEMENTS

This report contains and references certain information that constitutes forward-looking statements as that term is defined in the federal securities laws. Those statements, to the extent they are not historical facts, should be considered forward-looking statements, and are subject to various risks and uncertainties. Such forward-looking statements are made based upon management's current assessments of various risks and uncertainties, as well as assumptions made in accordance with the "safe harbor" provisions of the federal securities laws. The Company's actual results could differ materially from the results anticipated in these forward-looking statements as a result of such risks and uncertainties, including those identified in the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2014, any subsequent quarterly reports on Form 10-Q and the other filings made by the Company from time to time with the Securities and Exchange Commission. The Company undertakes no obligation to update any forward-looking statement as a result of subsequent developments, changes in underlying assumptions or facts, or otherwise.

PART II. OTHER INFORMATION

Item 2. Unregistered Sales of Equity Securities and Use of Proceeds

On May 6, 2014, the Board of Directors of the Company approved a plan that allows for the repurchase of up to 750,000 shares of the Company's common stock (the "Repurchase Plan") on the open market or in privately negotiated transactions, as determined by an authorized officer of the Company. Any such repurchases can be made from time to time in accordance with applicable securities laws and other requirements.

Other than pursuant to the Repurchase Plan, no purchases of common stock of the Company were made by or on behalf of the Company during the periods described below.

The table below sets forth information regarding repurchases by the Company of shares of its common stock on a monthly basis during the three month period ended March 31, 2015.

					Maximum
					Number of
				Total Number of	Shares that
				Shares Purchased	May Yet be
				as Part of	Purchased
	Total Number		Average	Publicly	Under the
	of Shares	I	Price Paid	Announced Plans	Plans or
Period	Purchased]	per Share	or Programs	Programs
January 1 – January 31, 2015	3,390	\$	4.04	3,390	431,261
February 1 – February 28, 2015	7,735		4.04	7,735	423,526
March 1 – March 31, 2015	12,176		4.07	12,176	411,350
Total	23,301	\$	4.05	23,301	

Item 6. Exhibits

31.1	Certification of the Principal Executive Officer pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002.
31.2	Certification of the Principal Financial Officer pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002.
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32.1	Certifications pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002.
101.INS	XBRL Instance Document.
101.SCH	XBRL Taxonomy Extension Schema.
101.3СП	ADKL Taxonomy Extension Schema.
101.CAL	XBRL Taxonomy Extension Calculation Linkbase.
101.DEF	XBRL Taxonomy Extension Definition Linkbase.
101.LAB	XBRL Taxonomy Extension Label Linkbase.
101.PRE	XBRL Taxonomy Extension Presentation Linkbase.

SIGNATURES

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned thereunto duly authorized.

ATLANTIC AMERICAN CORPORATION

(Registrant)

Date: <u>May 13, 2015</u> By: <u>/s/ John G. Sample, Jr.</u>

John G. Sample, Jr.

Senior Vice President and Chief Financial Officer (Principal Financial and Accounting Officer)

EXHIBIT INDEX

Exhibit <u>Number</u>	<u>Title</u>
<u>31.1</u>	Certification of the Principal Executive Officer pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002.
<u>31.2</u>	Certification of the Principal Financial Officer pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002.
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CERTIFICATION OF THE PRINCIPAL EXECUTIVE OFFICER PURSUANT TO SECTION 302 OF THE SARBANES-OXLEY ACT OF 2002

I, Hilton H. Howell, Jr., certify that:

- 1. I have reviewed this report on Form 10-Q of Atlantic American Corporation;
- 2. Based on my knowledge, this report does not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact necessary to make the statements made, in light of the circumstances under which such statements were made, not misleading with respect to the period covered by this report;
- 3. Based on my knowledge, the financial statements, and other financial information included in this report, fairly present in all material respects the financial condition, results of operations and cash flows of the registrant as of, and for, the periods presented in this report;
- 4. The registrant's other certifying officer and I are responsible for establishing and maintaining disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e)) and internal control over financial reporting (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(f) and 15d-15(f)) for the registrant and have:
 - designed such disclosure controls and procedures, or caused such disclosure controls and procedures to be designed under our supervision, to ensure that material information relating to the registrant, including its consolidated subsidiaries, is made known to us by others within those entities, particularly during the period in which this report is being prepared;
 - designed such internal control over financial reporting, or caused such internal control over financial reporting to be designed under our supervision, to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles;
 - c) evaluated the effectiveness of the registrant's disclosure controls and procedures and presented in this report our conclusions about the effectiveness of the disclosure controls and procedures, as of the end of the period covered by this report based on such evaluation; and
 - d) disclosed in this report any change in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the registrant's most recent fiscal quarter (the registrant's fourth fiscal quarter in the case of an annual report) that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, the registrant's internal control over financial reporting; and
- 5. The registrant's other certifying officer and I have disclosed, based on our most recent evaluation of internal control over financial reporting, to the registrant's auditors and the audit committee of registrant's board of directors (or persons performing the equivalent functions):
 - a) all significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in the design or operation of internal control over financial reporting which are reasonably likely to adversely affect the registrant's ability to record, process, summarize and report financial information; and
 - b) any fraud, whether or not material, that involves management or other employees who have a significant role in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting.

Date: May 13, 2015	/s/ Hilton H. Howell, Jr.
	Hilton H. Howell, Jr.
	President and Chief Executive Officer

CERTIFICATION OF THE PRINCIPAL FINANCIAL OFFICER PURSUANT TO SECTION 302 OF THE SARBANES-OXLEY ACT OF 2002

I, John G. Sample, Jr., certify that:

- 1. I have reviewed this report on Form 10-Q of Atlantic American Corporation;
- 2. Based on my knowledge, this report does not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact necessary to make the statements made, in light of the circumstances under which such statements were made, not misleading with respect to the period covered by this report;
- 3. Based on my knowledge, the financial statements, and other financial information included in this report, fairly present in all material respects the financial condition, results of operations and cash flows of the registrant as of, and for, the periods presented in this report;
- 4. The registrant's other certifying officer and I are responsible for establishing and maintaining disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e)) and internal control over financial reporting (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(f) and 15d-15(f)) for the registrant and have:
 - a) designed such disclosure controls and procedures, or caused such disclosure controls and procedures to be designed under our supervision, to ensure that material information relating to the registrant, including its consolidated subsidiaries, is made known to us by others within those entities, particularly during the period in which this report is being prepared;
 - designed such internal control over financial reporting, or caused such internal control over financial reporting to be designed under our supervision, to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles;
 - c) evaluated the effectiveness of the registrant's disclosure controls and procedures and presented in this report our conclusions about the effectiveness of the disclosure controls and procedures, as of the end of the period covered by this report based on such evaluation; and
 - d) disclosed in this report any change in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the registrant's most recent fiscal quarter (the registrant's fourth fiscal quarter in the case of an annual report) that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, the registrant's internal control over financial reporting; and
- 5. The registrant's other certifying officer and I have disclosed, based on our most recent evaluation of internal control over financial reporting, to the registrant's auditors and the audit committee of registrant's board of directors (or persons performing the equivalent functions):
 - a) all significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in the design or operation of internal control over financial reporting which are reasonably likely to adversely affect the registrant's ability to record, process, summarize and report financial information; and
 - b) any fraud, whether or not material, that involves management or other employees who have a significant role in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting.

Date: May 13, 2015	/s/ John G. Sample, Jr.
	John G. Sample, Jr.
	Senior Vice President and
	Chief Financial Officer

Certifications Pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002

Pursuant to 18 U.S.C. §1350, as adopted pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002, in connection with the filing of the Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q of Atlantic American Corporation (the "Company") for the quarterly period ended March 31, 2015, as filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on the date hereof (the "Report"), each of the undersigned officers of the Company certifies, that, to such officer's knowledge:

(1) The Report fully complies with the requirements of Section 13 (a) or 15 (d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934; and

(2) The information contained in the Report fairly presents, in all material respects, the financial condition and results of operations of the Company as of the dates and for the periods expressed in the Report.

Date: <u>May 13, 2015</u> /s/ Hilton H. Howell, Jr.

Hilton H. Howell, Jr.

President and Chief Executive Officer

Date: May 13, 2015 /s/ John G. Sample, Jr.

John G. Sample, Jr. Senior Vice President and Chief Financial Officer

A signed original of this written statement required by Section 906, or other document authenticating, acknowledging, or otherwise adopting the signature that appears in typed form within the electronic version of this written statement required by Section 906, has been provided to the Company and will be retained by the Company and furnished to the Securities and Exchange Commission or its staff upon request.