UNITED STATES SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION

Washington, D.C. 20549

FORM 10-Q

☑ QUARTERLY REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 or 15(d) OF THE SEC	CURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934
For the quarterly period ended March 31, 2017 OR	
☐ TRANSITION REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SE	CURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934
Commission File Nun	nber 0-3722
ATLANTIC AMERICA	N CORPORATION
(Exact name of registrant as sp	
Georgia (State or other jurisdiction of incorporation or organization)	58-1027114 (I.R.S. Employer Identification No.)
4370 Peachtree Road, N.E., Atlanta, Georgia (Address of principal executive offices)	30319 (Zip Code)
(404) 266-55 (Registrant's telephone number,	
Indicate by check mark whether the registrant (1) has filed all reports required to be during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was requirements for the past 90 days. Yes \square No \square	
Indicate by check mark whether the registrant has submitted electronically and poste be submitted and posted pursuant to Rule 405 of Regulation S-T during the precedin submit and post such files). Yes \square No \square	
Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a large accelerated filer, an accelerated emerging growth company. See definitions of "large accelerated filer," "accelerated Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act.	
Large accelerated filer \square Accelerated filer \square Non-accelerated filer \square (Do not chec Emerging growth company \square	k if a smaller reporting company) Smaller reporting company $\ensuremath{\square}$
If an emerging growth company, indicate by check mark if the registrant has elected revised financial accounting standards provided pursuant to Section 13(a) of the Exc	
Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a shell company (as defined in Rule	12b-2 of the Exchange Act). Yes \square No \square
The total number of shares of the registrant's Common Stock, \$1 par value, outstand	ing on May 9, 2017 was 20,414,591.

ATLANTIC AMERICAN CORPORATION

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PART I. FINANCIAL INFORMATION

<u>Item 1. Financial Statements</u>

ATLANTIC AMERICAN CORPORATION CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS

(Dollars in thousands, except per share data)

ASSETS

		<i>Unaudited</i> March 31, 2017	De	cember 31, 2016
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	10,678	\$	13,252
Investments:	'			
Fixed maturities (cost: \$207,660 and \$210,505)		208,041		210,670
Common and non-redeemable preferred stocks (cost: \$11,453 and \$11,453)		23,401		20,257
Other invested assets (cost: \$9,542 and \$9,709)		9,542		9,709
Policy loans		2,181		2,265
Real estate		38		38
Investment in unconsolidated trusts		1,238		1,238
Total investments		244,441		244,177
Receivables:				
Reinsurance		12,299		11,703
Insurance premiums and other (net of allowance for doubtful accounts: \$260 and \$280)		7,184		12,581
Deferred income taxes, net		-		160
Deferred acquisition costs		30,612		28,975
Other assets		5,156		5,208
Intangibles		2,544		2,544
Total assets	\$	312,914	\$	318,600
LIABILITIES AND SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY Insurance reserves and policyholder funds:	ф	76,000	ф	74.042
Future policy benefits	\$	76,099	\$	74,843
Unearned premiums Losses and claims		16,895		23,208 62,562
		63,760		
Other policy liabilities	_	1,649		2,066
Total insurance reserves and policyholder funds		158,403		162,679
Accounts payable and accrued expenses		12,903		16,677
Deferred income taxes, net		889		- 22 720
Junior subordinated debenture obligations, net	_	33,738		33,738
Total liabilities	_	205,933		213,094
Commitments and contingencies (Note 9)				
Shareholders' equity:				
Preferred stock, \$1 par, 4,000,000 shares authorized; Series D preferred, 55,000 shares issued and outstanding; \$5,500 redemption value		55		55
Common stock, \$1 par, 50,000,000 shares authorized; shares issued: 22,400,894; shares outstanding: 20,422,071 and 20,446,705		22,401		22.401
Additional paid-in capital		57,119		57,114
Retained earnings		26,544		27,272
Accumulated other comprehensive income		8,014		5,830
Unearned stock grant compensation		(312)		(428)
Treasury stock, at cost: 1,978,823 and 1,954,189 shares		(6,840)		(6,738)
Total shareholders' equity		106,981		105,506
Total liabilities and shareholders' equity	\$	312,914	\$	318,600
1 5				

ATLANTIC AMERICAN CORPORATION CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF OPERATIONS

(Unaudited; Dollars in thousands, except per share data)

Three Months Ended

		Marc	h 31,	
		2017		2016
Revenue:				
Insurance premiums	\$	40,782	\$	38,458
Investment income		2,159		2,507
Realized investment gains, net		883		752
Other income		35		30
Total revenue		43,859		41,747
Benefits and expenses:				
Insurance benefits and losses incurred		29,997		24,825
Commissions and underwriting expenses		10,614		11,827
Interest expense		409		373
Other expense		3,186		3,346
Total benefits and expenses		44,206		40,371
Income (loss) before income taxes		(347)		1,376
Income tax expense (benefit)		(126)		478
Net income (loss)		(221)		898
Preferred stock dividends		(99)		(99)
Net income (loss) applicable to common shareholders	\$	(320)	\$	799
Earnings (loss) per common share (basic and diluted)	<u>\$</u>	(.02)	\$.04

ATLANTIC AMERICAN CORPORATION CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME

(*Unaudited*; *Dollars in thousands*)

Three Months Ended March 31, 2017 2016 Net income (loss) (221) 898 Other comprehensive income: Available-for-sale securities: Gross unrealized holding gain arising in the period 2,256 4,243 Related income tax effect (1,485)(790)Less: reclassification adjustment for net realized gains included in net income (loss) (1) (883)(752)Related income tax effect (2) 309 263 977 Total other comprehensive income, net of tax 2,184 1,875 Total comprehensive income \$ 1,963

- (1) Realized gains on available-for-sale securities recognized in realized investment gains, net on the accompanying condensed consolidated statements of operations.
- (2) Income tax effect on reclassification adjustment for net realized gains included in income tax expense on the accompanying condensed consolidated statements of operations.

ATLANTIC AMERICAN CORPORATION CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY

(Unaudited; Dollars in thousands)

Three Months Ended March 31, 2017	Preferi Stock		ommon Stock		dditional Paid-In Capital		etained Jarnings	Com	cumulated Other prehensive Income	Unearned Stock Gra Compensat	nt	Treasury Stock		Total
	\$	_	 	_		_		_			_		ф	
Balance, December 31, 2016	3	55	\$ 22,401	\$	57,114	\$	27,272	\$	5,830	\$ (4	128)	\$ (6,738)	\$	105,506
Net loss		-	-		-		(221)		-		-	-		(221)
Other comprehensive income, net of tax		-	-		-		-		2,184		-	-		2,184
Dividends declared on common stock		-	-		-		(408)		-		-	-		(408)
Dividends accrued on preferred stock		-	-		-		(99)		-		-	-		(99)
Amortization of unearned compensation		-	-		-		-		-	1	16	-		116
Purchase of shares for treasury		-	-		-		-		-		-	(105)		(105)
Issuance of shares under stock plans		-	-		5		-		-		-	3		8
Balance, March 31, 2017	\$	55	\$ 22,401	\$	57,119	\$	26,544	\$	8,014	\$ (3	312)	\$ (6,840)	\$	106,981
Three Months Ended March 31, 2016														
Balance, December 31, 2015	\$	55	\$ 22,401	\$	56,623	\$	25,443	\$	4,584	\$ (2	273)	\$ (6,341)	\$	102,492
Net income		-	-		-		898		-		-	-		898
Other comprehensive income, net of tax		-	-		-		-		977		-	-		977
Dividends declared on common stock		-	-		-		(408)		-		-	-		(408)
Dividends accrued on preferred stock		-	-		-		(99)		-		-	-		(99)
Amortization of unearned compensation		-	-		-		-		-	1	19	-		119
Purchase of shares for treasury		-	-		-		-		-		-	(170)		(170)
Issuance of shares under stock plans					10				-			5		15
Balance, March 31, 2016	\$	55	\$ 22,401	\$	56,633	\$	25,834	\$	5,561	\$ (1	54)	\$ (6,506)	\$	103,824

Cash paid for interest

ATLANTIC AMERICAN CORPORATION CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS

(Unaudited; Dollars in thousands)

Three Months Ended March 31, 2017 2016 **CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES:** (221) \$ Net income (loss) \$ 898 Adjustments to reconcile net income (loss) to net cash used in operating activities: 3,399 2,492 Amortization of deferred acquisition costs Acquisition costs deferred (5,036)(2,295)Realized investment gains, net (883)(752)Compensation expense related to share awards 116 119 Depreciation and amortization 387 291 Deferred income tax (benefit) expense 478 (126)Decrease in receivables, net 4,671 8,304 Decrease in insurance reserves (4,276)(14,207)Decrease in other liabilities (4,281)(2,277)Other, net 102 (8) Net cash used in operating activities (6,148)(6,957)**CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES:** Proceeds from investments sold 19,782 14,355 Proceeds from investments matured, called or redeemed 5,842 4,302 Investments purchased (21,870)(16,157)Additions to property and equipment (83)(226)Net cash provided by investing activities 3,671 2,274 **CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES:** Proceeds from shares issued under stock plans 8 15 Purchase of shares for treasury (105)(170)Net cash used in financing activities (97)(155)Net decrease in cash and cash equivalents (2,574)(4,838)Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of period 15,622 13,252 Cash and cash equivalents at end of period 10,678 10,784 SUPPLEMENTAL CASH FLOW INFORMATION:

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

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ATLANTIC AMERICAN CORPORATION NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(Unaudited; Dollars in thousands, except per share amounts)

Note 1. Basis of Presentation

The accompanying unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements include the accounts of Atlantic American Corporation (the "Parent") and its subsidiaries (collectively with the Parent, the "Company"). The Parent's primary operating subsidiaries, American Southern Insurance Company and American Safety Insurance Company (together known as "American Southern") and Bankers Fidelity Life Insurance Company and Bankers Fidelity Assurance Company (together known as "Bankers Fidelity") operate in two principal business units. American Southern operates in the property and casualty insurance market, while Bankers Fidelity operates in the life and health insurance market. All significant intercompany accounts and transactions have been eliminated in consolidation. The accompanying financial statements have been prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America ("GAAP") for interim financial information and with the instructions to Form 10-Q and Article 8 of Regulation S-X. Accordingly, they do not include all of the information and notes required by GAAP for audited annual financial statements. In the opinion of management, all adjustments (consisting only of normal recurring adjustments) considered necessary for a fair presentation have been included. The unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements included herein and these related notes should be read in conjunction with the Company's consolidated financial statements, and the notes thereto, included in the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2016. The Company's financial condition and results of operations and cash flows as of and for the three month period ended March 31, 2017 are not necessarily indicative of the financial condition or results of operations and cash flows that may be expected for the year ending December 31, 2017 or for any other future period.

The Company's significant accounting policies have not changed materially from those set out in the Company's 2016 Annual Report.

The preparation of financial statements in accordance with GAAP requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amount of assets and liabilities, disclosures of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements, and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ materially from those estimates.

Note 2. Recently Issued Accounting Standards

Adoption of New Accounting Standards

In March 2016, the Financial Accounting Standards Board ("FASB") issued Accounting Standards Update ("ASU") No. 2016-09, Compensation – Stock Compensation (Topic 718): Improvements to Employee Share-Based Payment Accounting ("ASU 2016-09"). This guidance applies to all entities that issue share-based payment awards to their employees and is designed to simplify several areas of the accounting for share-based payment transactions, including income tax consequences, forfeitures, classification of awards as either equity or liabilities and related classification on the statement of cash flows. The guidance requires the excess tax benefit or deficiency on vesting or settlement of awards to be recognized in earnings as an income tax benefit or expense, respectively. The Company adopted ASU 2016-09 as of January 1, 2017. Adoption of ASU 2016-09 did not have a material impact on the Company's consolidated financial statements.

In March 2016, the FASB issued ASU No. 2016-07, Investments – Equity Method and Joint Ventures (Topic 323): Simplifying the Transition to the Equity Method of Accounting ("ASU 2016-07"). This guidance eliminates the requirement to retroactively adopt the equity method of accounting when an investment qualifies for the use of the equity method as a result of an increase in the level of ownership or degree of influence. Under ASU 2016-07, the equity method investor is required to add the cost of acquiring the additional interest in the investee to the current basis of the previously held interest and adopt the equity method of accounting as of the date the investment becomes qualified for equity method accounting. The Company adopted ASU 2016-07 as of January 1, 2017. Adoption of ASU 2016-07 did not have an impact on the Company's consolidated financial statements.

Future Adoption of New Accounting Standards

In March 2017, the FASB issued ASU No. 2017-08, Receivables – Nonrefundable Fees and Other Costs (Subtopic 310-20): Premium Amortization on Purchased Callable Debt Securities ("ASU 2017-08"). This guidance shortens the amortization period for certain callable debt securities held at a premium to the earliest call date. Under current GAAP, premiums and discounts on callable securities generally are amortized to the maturity date. ASU 2017-08 is effective for interim and annual reporting periods beginning after December 15, 2018, although earlier adoption is permitted. The Company does not expect the adoption of this ASU to have a material impact on its consolidated financial statements.

Note 3. Investments

The following tables set forth the carrying value, gross unrealized gains, gross unrealized losses and cost or amortized cost of the Company's investments, aggregated by type and industry, as of March 31, 2017 and December 31, 2016.

Investments were comprised of the following:

			March 3	1, 2017			
	Carrying Value	Un	Gross realized Gains	Gross Unrealized Losses			Cost or nortized Cost
Fixed maturities:							
Bonds:							
U.S. Treasury securities and obligations of U.S. Government agencies and							
authorities	\$ 29,469	\$	194	\$	513	\$	29,788
Obligations of states and political subdivisions	 17,690		624		184		17,250
Corporate securities:							
Utilities and telecom	18,065		1,476		69		16,658
Financial services	52,480		2,097		765		51,148
Other business – diversified	48,320		852		2,120		49,588
Other consumer – diversified	 41,825		348		1,559		43,036
Total corporate securities	160,690		4,773		4,513		160,430
Redeemable preferred stocks:							
Other consumer – diversified	192		-		-		192
Total redeemable preferred stocks	192		-		_		192
Total fixed maturities	208,041		5,591		5,210		207,660
Equity securities:							
Common and non-redeemable preferred stocks:							
Utilities and telecom	1,462		498		-		964
Financial services	5,588		760		-		4,828
Other business – diversified	250		203		-		47
Other consumer – diversified	16,101		10,487		-		5,614
Total equity securities	23,401		11,948		-		11,453
Other invested assets	 9,542		_		_		9,542
Policy loans	2,181		-		-		2,181
Real estate	38		-		-		38
Investments in unconsolidated trusts	1,238		-		-		1,238
Total investments	\$ 244,441	\$	17,539	\$	5,210	\$	232,112
				-			

	December 31, 2016								
		Carrying Value		Gross Unrealized Gains		Gross realized Losses		Cost or mortized Cost	
Fixed maturities: Bonds:									
U.S. Treasury securities and obligations of U.S. Government agencies and authorities	\$	31,102	\$	197	\$	553	\$	31,458	
Obligations of states and political subdivisions		17,572		625		308		17,255	
Corporate securities:									
Utilities and telecom		18,034		1,462		88		16,660	
Financial services		57,282		1,880		911		56,313	
Other business – diversified		57,419		1,071		2,337		58,685	
Other consumer – diversified		29,069		471		1,344		29,942	
Total corporate securities		161,804		4,884		4,680		161,600	
Redeemable preferred stocks:									
Other consumer – diversified		192		-		-		192	
Total redeemable preferred stocks		192		-		-		192	
Total fixed maturities		210,670		5,706		5,541		210,505	
Equity securities:									
Common and non-redeemable preferred stocks:									
Utilities and telecom		1,601		637		-		964	
Financial services		5,402		574		-		4,828	
Other business – diversified		244		197		-		47	
Other consumer – diversified		13,010		7,396				5,614	
Total equity securities		20,257		8,804		-		11,453	
Other invested assets		9,709		_		-		9,709	
Policy loans		2,265		-		-		2,265	
Real estate		38		-		-		38	
Investments in unconsolidated trusts		1,238						1,238	
Total investments	\$	244,177	\$	14,510	\$	5,541	\$	235,208	

Bonds having an amortized cost of \$11,020 and \$11,435 and included in the tables above were on deposit with insurance regulatory authorities at March 31, 2017 and December 31, 2016, respectively, in accordance with statutory requirements.

The carrying value and amortized cost of the Company's investments in fixed maturities at March 31, 2017 and December 31, 2016 by contractual maturity were as follows. Actual maturities may differ from contractual maturities because issuers may call or prepay obligations with or without call or prepayment penalties.

		March 3	31, 201	.7		Decembe	r 31, 2	2016
	Carrying			Amortized		Carrying	Α	Amortized
		Value		Cost		Value		Cost
Due in one year or less	\$	2,949	\$	2,908	\$	2,544	\$	2,507
Due after one year through five years		19,725		19,578		20,278		20,038
Due after five years through ten years		101,460		101,247		90,667		90,926
Due after ten years		66,449		66,170		80,099		79,627
Varying maturities		17,458		17,757		17,082		17,407
Totals	\$	208,041	\$	207,660	\$	210,670	\$	210,505

The following table sets forth the carrying value, cost or amortized cost, and net unrealized gains (losses) of the Company's investments aggregated by industry as of March 31, 2017 and December 31, 2016.

		Ma	arch 31, 2017]	Decei	mber 31, 2016	õ	
		Cost or			Unrealized			Cost or			Unrealized
	Carrying		Amortized		Gains		Carrying	Amortized			Gains
	Value		Cost	(Losses)			Value		Cost		(Losses)
U.S. Treasury securities and obligations of											_
U.S. Government agencies and authorities	\$ 29,469	\$	29,788	\$	(319)	\$	31,102	\$	31,458	\$	(356)
Obligations of states and political											
subdivisions	17,690		17,250		440		17,572		17,255		317
Utilities and telecom	19,527		17,622		1,905		19,635		17,624		2,011
Financial services	58,068		55,976		2,092		62,684		61,141		1,543
Other business – diversified	48,570		49,635		(1,065)		57,663		58,732		(1,069)
Other consumer – diversified	58,118		48,842		9,276		42,271		35,748		6,523
Other investments	12,999		12,999		<u>-</u>		13,250		13,250		<u>-</u>
Investments	\$ 244,441	\$	232,112	\$	12,329	\$	244,177	\$	235,208	\$	8,969

The following tables present the Company's unrealized loss aging for securities by type and length of time the security was in a continuous unrealized loss position as of March 31, 2017 and December 31, 2016.

					March 3	1, 20)17					
	Less than	12 m	ionths		12 months	s or l	longer	Total				
	Fair Value			Fair Value		Unrealized		Fair Value			Unrealized	
	 varue		Losses		varue		Losses		value		Losses	
U.S. Treasury securities and obligations of												
U.S. Government agencies and authorities	\$ 20,307	\$	513	\$	-	\$	-	\$	20,307	\$	513	
Obligations of states and political												
subdivisions	7,869		184		-		-		7,869		184	
Corporate securities	54,440		1,982		20,538		2,531		74,978		4,513	
Total temporarily impaired securities	\$ 82,616	\$	2,679	\$	20,538	\$	2,531	\$	103,154	\$	5,210	

December 31, 2016

					,						
	Less than	12 n	nonths	12 months	s or	longer	Total				
	Fair Value		Unrealized Losses	Fair Value		Unrealized Losses		Fair Value		Unrealized Losses	
U.S. Treasury securities and obligations of U.S. Government agencies and authorities	\$ 23,494	\$	553	\$ 	\$		\$	23,494	\$	553	
Obligations of states and political subdivisions	8,747		308	-		-		8,747		308	
Corporate securities	59,404		2,124	20,587		2,556		79,991		4,680	
Total temporarily impaired securities	\$ 91,645	\$	2,985	\$ 20,587	\$	2,556	\$	112,232	\$	5,541	

The evaluation for an other than temporary impairment is a quantitative and qualitative process, which is subject to risks and uncertainties in the determination of whether declines in the fair value of investments are other than temporary. Potential risks and uncertainties include, among other things, changes in general economic conditions, an issuer's financial condition or near term recovery prospects and the effects of changes in interest rates. In evaluating a potential impairment, the Company considers, among other factors, management's intent and ability to hold the securities until price recovery, the nature of the investment and the expectation of prospects for the issuer and its industry, the status of an issuer's continued satisfaction of its obligations in accordance with their contractual terms, and management's expectation as to the issuer's ability and intent to continue to do so, as well as ratings actions that may affect the issuer's credit status.

As of March 31, 2017, there were seventy-one securities in an unrealized loss position, which primarily included certain of the Company's investments in fixed maturities within the other diversified business, other diversified consumer and financial services sectors. Securities in an unrealized loss position reported in the other diversified business sector included gross unrealized losses of \$1,246 related to investments in fixed maturities of eight different issuers, all related to the oil and gas industry. The oil and gas companies represent a diversified group of businesses which include, among others, refiners, pipeline owners and operators, deep water offshore rig owners and operators, all of which we believe are in continuing stages of rationalizing their current operations, investments, future capital expenditures and carefully managing their capital and liquidity positions. Based on publicly available information, the companies are continuing to assess and revise short-term, intermediate and long-term business plans in response to the current trends in oil and gas markets. While these companies have generally experienced credit downgrades or may be currently under credit rating review, the Company believes that many of the downgrades are in response to external market forces and not necessarily specific credit events of any obligor which would currently indicate that an other than temporary impairment need be recorded. All of the investees have continued to make regular interest payments on their debt when and as due and the Company continues to perform in-depth analyses of the publicly available financial disclosures of each of the investees on a regular basis. The Company does not currently intend to sell nor does it expect to be required to sell any of the securities in an unrealized loss position. Based upon the Company's expected continuation of receipt of contractually required principal and interest payments and its intent and ability to retain the securities until price recovery, as well as the

The following describes the fair value hierarchy and provides information as to the extent to which the Company uses fair value to measure the value of its financial instruments and information about the inputs used to value those financial instruments. The fair value hierarchy prioritizes the inputs in the valuation techniques used to measure fair value into three broad levels.

Level 1 Observable inputs that reflect quoted prices for identical assets or liabilities in active markets that the Company has the ability to access at the measurement date. The Company's financial instruments valued using Level 1 criteria include cash equivalents and exchange traded common stocks.

Level 2 Observable inputs, other than quoted prices included in Level 1, for an asset or liability or prices for similar assets or liabilities. The Company's financial instruments valued using Level 2 criteria include significantly all of its fixed maturities, which consist of U.S. Treasury securities and U.S. Government securities, obligations of states and political subdivisions, and certain corporate fixed maturities, as well as its non-redeemable preferred stocks. In determining fair value measurements of its fixed maturities and non-redeemable preferred stocks using Level 2 criteria, the Company utilizes data from outside sources, including nationally recognized pricing services and broker/dealers. Prices for the majority of the Company's Level 2 fixed maturities and non-redeemable preferred stocks were determined using unadjusted prices received from pricing services that utilize a matrix pricing concept, which is a mathematical technique used widely in the industry to value debt securities based on various relationships to other benchmark quoted prices.

Level 3 Valuations that are derived from techniques in which one or more of the significant inputs are unobservable (including assumptions about risk). Fair value is based on criteria that use assumptions or other data that are not readily observable from objective sources. The Company's financial instruments valued using Level 3 criteria consist of a limited number of fixed maturities. As of March 31, 2017 and December 31, 2016, the value of the Company's fixed maturities valued using Level 3 criteria was \$1,302 and \$1,264, respectively. The use of different criteria or assumptions regarding data may have yielded materially different valuations.

As of March 31, 2017, financial instruments carried at fair value were measured on a recurring basis as summarized below:

	Quo	ted Prices					
	ir	ı Active	Si	gnificant			
	N	Markets		Other	S	ignificant	
	for	Identical	Ol	oservable	Un	observable	
		Assets		Inputs		Inputs	
	(I	Level 1)	(Level 2)	(Level 3)	 Total
Assets:							
Fixed maturities	\$	-	\$	206,739	\$	$1,302^{(1)}$	\$ 208,041
Equity securities		18,114		$5,287^{(1)}$		-	23,401
Cash equivalents		10,678		-		<u>-</u>	 10,678
Total	\$	28,792	\$	212,026	\$	1,302	\$ 242,120

⁽¹⁾ All underlying securities are financial service industry related.

As of December 31, 2016, financial instruments carried at fair value were measured on a recurring basis as summarized below:

	Quotec	l Prices					
	in A	ctive	Sig	gnificant			
	Mar	kets		Other	Signi	ficant	
	for Ide	entical	Ob	servable	Unobse	ervable	
	Ass	sets		Inputs	Inp	uts	
	(Lev	el 1)	(I	Level 2)	(Lev	el 3)	Total
Assets:				,	1		
Fixed maturities	\$	-	\$	209,406	\$	1,264(1)	\$ 210,670
Equity securities		15,153		$5,104^{(1)}$		-	20,257
Cash equivalents		9,811		<u>-</u>		-	9,811
Total	\$	24,964	\$	214,510	\$	1,264	\$ 240,738

⁽¹⁾ All underlying securities are financial service industry related.

The following tables provide a roll-forward of the Company's financial instruments measured at fair value on a recurring basis using significant unobservable inputs (Level 3) for the three month periods ended March 31, 2017 and 2016.

	Ţ	Fixed
	Ma	aturities
Balance, December 31, 2016	\$	1,264
Total unrealized gains included in other comprehensive income		38
Balance, March 31, 2017	\$	1,302
		Fixed
	Ma	aturities
Balance, December 31, 2015	\$	2,237
Total unrealized gains included in other comprehensive income		63
Balance, March 31, 2016	\$	2,300

The Company's fixed maturities valued using Level 3 inputs consist solely of issuances of pooled debt obligations of multiple, smaller financial services companies. They are not actively traded and valuation techniques used to measure fair value are based on future estimated cash flows (based on current cash flows) discounted at reasonable estimated rates of interest. There are no assumed prepayments and/or default probability assumptions as a majority of these instruments contain certain U.S. government agency strips to support repayment of the principal. Other qualitative and quantitative information received from the original underwriter of the pooled offerings is also considered, as applicable.

The following table is a summary of realized investment gains (losses) for the three month periods ended March 31, 2017 and 2016.

	Three Months Ended March 31,			
	2017		2016	
Gross gains	\$ 931	\$	822	
Gross losses	(48)		(70)	
Realized investment gains, net	\$ 883	\$	752	

Note 4. Fair Values of Financial Instruments

The estimated fair values have been determined by the Company using available market information from various market sources and appropriate valuation methodologies as of the respective dates. However, considerable judgment is necessary to interpret market data and to develop the estimates of fair value. Although management is not aware of any factors that would significantly affect the estimated fair value amounts, the estimates presented herein are not necessarily indicative of the amounts which the Company could realize in a current market exchange. The use of different market assumptions and/or estimation methodologies may have a material effect on the estimated fair value amounts.

The following table sets forth the carrying amount, estimated fair value and level within the fair value hierarchy of the Company's financial instruments as of March 31, 2017 and December 31, 2016.

		March 31, 2017			December 31, 2016			2016	
Assets:	Level in Fair Value Hierarchy ⁽¹⁾		Carrying Amount		Estimated Fair Value		Carrying Amount		Estimated Fair Value
Cash and cash equivalents	Level 1	\$	10,678	\$	10,678	\$	13,252	\$	13,252
Fixed maturities	(1)		208,041		208,041		210,670		210,670
Equity securities	(1)		23,401		23,401		20,257		20,257
Other invested assets	Level 3		9,542		9,542		9,709		9,709
Policy loans	Level 2		2,181		2,181		2,265		2,265
Real estate	Level 2		38		38		38		38
Investment in unconsolidated trusts	Level 2		1,238		1,238		1,238		1,238
<u>Liabilities:</u>									
Junior subordinated debentures, net	Level 2		33,738		33,738		33,738		33,738

⁽¹⁾ See Note 3 for a description of the fair value hierarchy as well as a disclosure of levels for classes of these financial assets.

There have not been any transfers between Level 1, Level 2 and Level 3 during the periods presented in these condensed consolidated financial statements.

Note 5. Liabilities for Unpaid Losses, Claims and Loss Adjustment Expenses

The roll-forward of liabilities for unpaid losses, claims and loss adjustment expenses, by major product, is as follows:

		Three Mor	iths Ei	nded	
Property and Casualty Insurance Products	March 31,				
		2017		2016	
Beginning liabilities for unpaid losses, claims and loss adjustment expenses, gross	\$	49,556	\$	51,200	
Less: Reinsurance recoverable on unpaid losses		(9,806)		(11,639)	
Beginning liabilities for unpaid losses, claims and loss adjustment expenses, net		39,750		39,561	
Incurred related to:					
Current accident year		8,806		8,488	
Prior accident year development ⁽¹⁾		(522)		(574)	
Total incurred		8,284		7,914	
Paid related to:					
Current accident year		2,312		1,701	
Prior accident years		5,836		8,708	
Total paid		8,148		10,409	
Ending liabilities for unpaid losses, claims and loss adjustment expenses, net		39,886		37,066	
Plus: Reinsurance recoverable on unpaid losses		9,011		8,915	
Ending liabilities for unpaid losses, claims and loss adjustment expenses, gross	\$	48,897	\$	45,981	

⁽¹⁾ In establishing property and casualty reserves, the Company initially reserves for losses at the higher end of the reasonable range if no other value within the range is determined to be more probable. Selection of such an initial loss estimate is an attempt by management to give recognition that initial claims information received generally is not conclusive with respect to legal liability, is generally not comprehensive with respect to magnitude of loss and generally, based on historical experience, will develop more adversely as time passes and more information becomes available. However, as a result, the Company generally experiences reserve redundancies when analyzing the development of prior year losses in a current period.

Medicare Supplement Insurance Products		Three Mor Marc		nded
		2017		2016
Beginning liabilities for unpaid losses, claims and loss adjustment expenses, gross	\$	11,263	\$	10,547
Less: Reinsurance recoverable on unpaid losses		(990)		-
Beginning liabilities for unpaid losses, claims and loss adjustment expenses, net		10,273		10,547
Incurred related to:				
Current accident year		18,035		14,908
Prior accident year development		241		(306)
Total incurred		18,276		14,602
Paid related to:				
Current accident year		8,797		7,424
Prior accident years		8,354		7,753
Total paid		17,151		15,177
Ending liabilities for unpaid losses, claims and loss adjustment expenses, net		11,398		9,972
Plus: Reinsurance recoverable on unpaid losses		1,819		-
Ending liabilities for unpaid losses, claims and loss adjustment expenses, gross	\$	13,217	\$	9,972
		Three Mon		ded
Other Life and Health Insurance Products		March		
		March 2017	1 31,	2016
Beginning liabilities for unpaid losses, claims and loss adjustment expenses, gross	<u> </u>	March		
Beginning liabilities for unpaid losses, claims and loss adjustment expenses, gross Less: Reinsurance recoverable on unpaid losses		March 2017 1,743	1 31,	2016 2,123
Beginning liabilities for unpaid losses, claims and loss adjustment expenses, gross		March 2017	1 31,	2016
Beginning liabilities for unpaid losses, claims and loss adjustment expenses, gross Less: Reinsurance recoverable on unpaid losses Beginning liabilities for unpaid losses, claims and loss adjustment expenses, net Incurred related to:		March 2017 1,743 - 1,743	1 31,	2016 2,123 - 2,123
Beginning liabilities for unpaid losses, claims and loss adjustment expenses, gross Less: Reinsurance recoverable on unpaid losses Beginning liabilities for unpaid losses, claims and loss adjustment expenses, net Incurred related to: Current accident year		March 2017 1,743 - 1,743	1 31,	2016 2,123 2,123 1,684
Beginning liabilities for unpaid losses, claims and loss adjustment expenses, gross Less: Reinsurance recoverable on unpaid losses Beginning liabilities for unpaid losses, claims and loss adjustment expenses, net Incurred related to: Current accident year Prior accident year development		March 2017 1,743 - 1,743 1,527 653(2)	1 31,	2016 2,123 2,123 1,684 48
Beginning liabilities for unpaid losses, claims and loss adjustment expenses, gross Less: Reinsurance recoverable on unpaid losses Beginning liabilities for unpaid losses, claims and loss adjustment expenses, net Incurred related to: Current accident year		March 2017 1,743 - 1,743	1 31,	2016 2,123 2,123 1,684
Beginning liabilities for unpaid losses, claims and loss adjustment expenses, gross Less: Reinsurance recoverable on unpaid losses Beginning liabilities for unpaid losses, claims and loss adjustment expenses, net Incurred related to: Current accident year Prior accident year development		March 2017 1,743 - 1,743 1,527 653(2)	1 31,	2016 2,123 2,123 1,684 48
Beginning liabilities for unpaid losses, claims and loss adjustment expenses, gross Less: Reinsurance recoverable on unpaid losses Beginning liabilities for unpaid losses, claims and loss adjustment expenses, net Incurred related to: Current accident year Prior accident year development Total incurred		March 2017 1,743 - 1,743 1,527 653(2)	1 31,	2016 2,123 2,123 1,684 48
Beginning liabilities for unpaid losses, claims and loss adjustment expenses, gross Less: Reinsurance recoverable on unpaid losses Beginning liabilities for unpaid losses, claims and loss adjustment expenses, net Incurred related to: Current accident year Prior accident year development Total incurred Paid related to:		March 2017 1,743 - 1,743 1,527 653(2) 2,180	1 31,	2016 2,123 2,123 1,684 48 1,732
Beginning liabilities for unpaid losses, claims and loss adjustment expenses, gross Less: Reinsurance recoverable on unpaid losses Beginning liabilities for unpaid losses, claims and loss adjustment expenses, net Incurred related to: Current accident year Prior accident year development Total incurred Paid related to: Current accident year		March 2017 1,743 1,743 1,743 1,527 653(2) 2,180 1,056	1 31,	2016 2,123 2,123 1,684 48 1,732
Beginning liabilities for unpaid losses, claims and loss adjustment expenses, gross Less: Reinsurance recoverable on unpaid losses Beginning liabilities for unpaid losses, claims and loss adjustment expenses, net Incurred related to: Current accident year Prior accident year development Total incurred Paid related to: Current accident year Prior accident year Prior accident year Total paid		March 2017 1,743 - 1,743 1,527 653(2) 2,180 1,056 1,221	1 31,	2016 2,123 2,123 1,684 48 1,732
Beginning liabilities for unpaid losses, claims and loss adjustment expenses, gross Less: Reinsurance recoverable on unpaid losses Beginning liabilities for unpaid losses, claims and loss adjustment expenses, net Incurred related to: Current accident year Prior accident year development Total incurred Paid related to: Current accident year Prior accident year Prior accident year		March 2017 1,743 1,743 1,743 1,527 653(2) 2,180 1,056 1,221 2,277	1 31,	2016 2,123 2,123 1,684 48 1,732 946 1,189 2,135

⁽²⁾ The prior accident year development for other life and health insurance products was primarily due to poor morbidity and mortality. Although the determination of the unfavorable development is subject to variability due to the lower volume of other life and health business and therefore a lower credibility of claims, influenza, the usual driver of elevated morbidity and mortality in winter, was significantly higher than in the previous year and ultimately had an unfavorable effect on the Company's loss patterns.

Following is a reconciliation of total incurred losses to total insurance benefits and losses incurred:

		Three Months Ended		
	_	March 31, 2017 2016		
	_	2017		2010
Total incurred losses	\$	28,740	\$	24,248
Cash surrender value and matured endowments		483		307
Benefit reserve changes		774		270
Total insurance benefits and losses incurred	\$	29,997	\$	24,825
	_			

Note 6. Junior Subordinated Debentures

The Company has two unconsolidated Connecticut statutory business trusts, which exist for the exclusive purposes of: (i) issuing trust preferred securities ("Trust Preferred Securities") representing undivided beneficial interests in the assets of the trusts; (ii) investing the gross proceeds of the Trust Preferred Securities in junior subordinated deferrable interest debentures ("Junior Subordinated Debentures") of Atlantic American; and (iii) engaging in those activities necessary or incidental thereto.

The financial structure of each of Atlantic American Statutory Trust I and II as of March 31, 2017 was as follows:

		Atlantic American Statutory Trust I	_	Atlantic American Statutory Trust II
JUNIOR SUBORDINATED DEBENTURES (1) (2)				
Principal amount owed	\$	18,042	\$	23,196
Balance March 31, 2017	\$	18,042	\$	23,196
Less: Treasury debt (3)		<u>-</u> .		(7,500)
Net balance March 31, 2017	\$	18,042	\$	15,696
Net balance December 31, 2016	\$	18,042	\$	15,696
Coupon rate		LIBOR + 4.00%		LIBOR + 4.10%
Interest payable		Quarterly		Quarterly
Maturity date		December 4, 2032		May 15, 2033
Redeemable by issuer		Yes		Yes
TRUST PREFERRED SECURITIES				
Issuance date		December 4, 2002		May 15, 2003
Securities issued		17,500		22,500
Liquidation preference per security	\$	1	\$	1
Liquidation value	\$	17,500	\$	22,500
Coupon rate		LIBOR + 4.00%		LIBOR + 4.10%
Distribution payable		Quarterly		Quarterly
Distribution guaranteed by ⁽⁴⁾	Atla	ntic American Corporation	Atlanti	c American Corporation

- (1) For each of the respective debentures, the Company has the right at any time, and from time to time, to defer payments of interest on the Junior Subordinated Debentures for a period not exceeding 20 consecutive quarters up to the debentures' respective maturity dates. During any such period, interest will continue to accrue and the Company may not declare or pay any cash dividends or distributions on, or purchase, the Company's common stock nor make any principal, interest or premium payments on or repurchase any debt securities that rank equally with or junior to the Junior Subordinated Debentures. The Company has the right at any time to dissolve each of the trusts and cause the Junior Subordinated Debentures to be distributed to the holders of the Trust Preferred Securities.
- (2) The Junior Subordinated Debentures are unsecured and rank junior and subordinate in right of payment to all senior debt of the Parent and are effectively subordinated to all existing and future liabilities of its subsidiaries.
- (3) On August 4, 2014, the Company acquired \$7,500 of the Junior Subordinated Debentures.
- (4) The Parent has guaranteed, on a subordinated basis, all of the obligations under the Trust Preferred Securities, including payment of the redemption price and any accumulated and unpaid distributions to the extent of available funds and upon dissolution, winding up or liquidation.

Note 7. Earnings (Loss) Per Common Share

A reconciliation of the numerator and denominator used in the earnings (loss) per common share calculations is as follows:

	Three Months Ended March 31, 2017					
	I	_ _oss	Per Share Amount			
Basic and Diluted Loss Per Common Share:						
Net loss	\$	(221)	20,432			
Less preferred stock dividends		(99)				
Net loss applicable to common shareholders	\$	(320)	20,432	\$ (.02)		
		ed				
			Shares	Per Share		
	I	ncome	(In thousands)	Amount		
Basic and Diluted Earnings Per Common Share:						
Net income	\$	898	20,406			
Less preferred stock dividends		(99)				
Net income applicable to common shareholders	\$	799	20,406	\$.04		

The assumed conversion of the Company's Series D preferred stock was excluded from the earnings (loss) per common share calculation for all periods presented since its impact would have been antidilutive.

Note 8. Income Taxes

A reconciliation of the differences between income taxes computed at the federal statutory income tax rate and income tax expense (benefit) is as follows:

	Inree Months Ended March 31,			
	 2017	11 21	2016	
Federal income tax provision at statutory rate of 35%	\$ (121)	\$	482	
Dividends-received deduction	(24)		(22)	
Other permanent differences	19		18	
Income tax expense (benefit)	\$ (126)	\$	478	

The components of income tax expense (benefit) were:

	Three Months Ended March 31,			
	 2017		2016	
Current – Federal	\$ -	\$	-	
Deferred – Federal	(126)		478	
Total	\$ (126)	\$	478	

The primary difference between the effective tax rate and the federal statutory income tax rate for the three month periods ended March 31, 2017 and 2016 resulted from the dividends-received deduction ("DRD"). The current estimated DRD is adjusted as underlying factors change and can vary from estimates based on, but not limited to, actual distributions from investments as well as the amount of the Company's taxable income.

Note 9. Commitments and Contingencies

From time to time, the Company is, and expects to continue to be, involved in various claims and lawsuits incidental to and in the ordinary course of its businesses. In the opinion of management, any such known claims are not expected to have a material effect on the financial condition or results of operations of the Company.

Note 10. Segment Information

The Parent's primary insurance subsidiaries, American Southern and Bankers Fidelity, operate in two principal business units, each focusing on specific products. American Southern operates in the property and casualty insurance market, while Bankers Fidelity operates in the life and health insurance market. Each business unit is managed independently and is evaluated on its individual performance. The following sets forth the revenue and income (loss) before income taxes for each business unit for the three month periods ended March 31, 2017 and 2016.

Three Months Ended

Revenues		March 31,		
	2017		2016	
American Southern	\$ 14,	301 \$	14,811	
Bankers Fidelity	29,	537	26,839	
Corporate and Other		21	97	
Total revenue	\$ 43,	359 \$	41,747	
Income (Loss) Before Income Taxes		Months March 3		
			- ,	
	2017		2016	
American Southern		150 \$		
American Southern Bankers Fidelity	\$ 2,		2016 2,231	
	\$ 2,	150 \$	2016	

Note 11. Accumulated Other Comprehensive Income

The following table sets forth the balance of the only component of accumulated other comprehensive income as of March 31, 2017 and December 31, 2016, and the changes in the balance of that component thereof during the three month period ended March 31, 2017, net of taxes.

	Unreal	ized Gains
	on Ava	ailable-for-
	Sale	Securities
Balance, December 31, 2016	\$	5,830
Other comprehensive income before reclassifications		2,758
Amounts reclassified from accumulated other comprehensive income		(574)
Net current period other comprehensive income		2,184
Balance, March 31, 2017	\$	8,014

Note 12. Related Party Transactions

For the three month period ended March 31, 2017, Gray Television, Inc., a related party, paid the Company approximately \$145 in premiums related to a group accident plan.

Item 2.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS OF FINANCIAL CONDITION AND RESULTS OF OPERATIONS

The following is management's discussion and analysis of the financial condition and results of operations of Atlantic American Corporation ("Atlantic American" or the "Parent") and its subsidiaries (collectively with the Parent, the "Company") as of and for the three month period ended March 31, 2017. This discussion should be read in conjunction with the unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements and notes thereto included elsewhere herein, as well as with the audited consolidated financial statements and notes included in the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2016.

Atlantic American is an insurance holding company whose operations are conducted primarily through its insurance subsidiaries: American Southern Insurance Company and American Safety Insurance Company (together known as "American Southern") and Bankers Fidelity Life Insurance Company and Bankers Fidelity Assurance Company (together known as "Bankers Fidelity"). Each operating company is managed separately, offers different products and is evaluated on its individual performance.

Critical Accounting Policies

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America ("GAAP") requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect reported amounts and related disclosures. Actual results could differ significantly from those estimates. The Company has identified certain estimates that involve a higher degree of judgment and are subject to a significant degree of variability. The Company's critical accounting policies and the resultant estimates considered most significant by management are disclosed in the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2016. During the three month period ended March 31, 2017, there were no changes to the critical accounting policies or related estimates from those disclosed in the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2016.

Overall Corporate Results

The following presents the Company's revenue, expenses and net income (loss) for the three month period ended March 31, 2017 and the comparable period in 2016:

	 Three Months Ended March 31,		
	 2017 2016		
	 (In thousands)		
Insurance premiums	\$ 40,782	\$	38,458
Investment income	2,159		2,507
Realized investment gains, net	883		752
Other income	35		30
Total revenue	43,859		41,747
Insurance benefits and losses incurred	 29,997		24,825
Commissions and underwriting expenses	10,614		11,827
Other expense	3,186		3,346
Interest expense	 409		373
Total benefits and expenses	44,206		40,371
Income (loss) before income taxes	\$ (347)	\$	1,376
Net income (loss)	\$ (221)	\$	898

Management also considers and evaluates performance by analyzing the non-GAAP measure operating income (loss), and believes it is a useful metric for investors, potential investors, securities analysts and others because it isolates the "core" operating results of the Company before considering certain items that are either beyond the control of management (such as taxes, which are subject to timing, regulatory and rate changes depending on the timing of the associated revenues and expenses) or are not expected to regularly impact the Company's operational results (such as any realized investment gains, which are not a part of the Company's primary operations and are, to a limited extent, subject to discretion in terms of timing of realization).

A reconciliation of net income (loss) to operating income (loss) for the three month period ended March 31, 2017 and the comparable period in 2016 is as follows:

	 Three Mor Marc		ed
Reconciliation of Non-GAAP Financial Measure	2017	20)16
	 (In tho	usands)	
Net income (loss)	\$ (221)	\$	898
Income tax expense (benefit)	(126)		478
Realized investment gains, net	 (883)		(752)
Operating income (loss)	\$ (1,230)	\$	624

On a consolidated basis, the Company had a net loss of \$0.2 million, or a loss of \$0.02 per diluted share, for the three month period ended March 31, 2017, compared to net income of \$0.9 million, or \$0.04 per diluted share, for the three month period ended March 31, 2016. Premium revenue for the three month period ended March 31, 2017 increased \$2.3 million, or 6.0%, to \$40.8 million. The increase in premium revenue was primarily attributable to an increase in Medicare supplement business. Operating income decreased \$1.9 million in the three month period ended March 31, 2017 from the comparable period of 2016. The decrease in operating income was primarily due to adverse loss experience in the life and health operations. Also contributing to the decrease in operating income for the three month period ended March 31, 2017 was a decrease in investment income attributable not only to a decrease in the average yield on the Company's investments in fixed maturities but also a \$0.2 million loss from the equity in earnings from investments in real estate partnerships.

A more detailed analysis of the individual operating companies and other corporate activities follows.

American Southern

The following summarizes American Southern's premiums, losses, expenses and underwriting ratios for the three month period ended March 31, 2017 and the comparable period in 2016:

	Three Months Ended			nded
	March 31,			
	2017 2016			2016
	(Dollars in thousands)			ands)
Gross written premiums	\$	7,297	\$	6,537
Ceded premiums		(1,149)		(1,177)
Net written premiums	\$	6,148	\$	5,360
Net earned premiums	\$	13,091	\$	13,725
Net loss and loss adjustment expenses		8,284		7,914
Underwriting expenses		3,867		4,666
Underwriting income	\$	940	\$	1,145
Loss ratio		63.3%		57.7%
Expense ratio		29.5		34.0
Combined ratio		92.8%		91.7%

Gross written premiums at American Southern increased \$0.8 million, or 11.6%, during the three month period ended March 31, 2017 over the comparable period in 2016. The increase in gross written premiums was primarily attributable to a premium refund of \$0.5 million in the automobile liability line of business during the three month period ended March 31, 2016 that did not recur in the comparable period of 2017. Also contributing to the increase in gross written premiums was an increase in automobile liability business from a private passenger automobile program.

Ceded premiums decreased slightly during the three month period ended March 31, 2017 from the comparable period in 2016 due primarily to a decrease in the related earned premiums. As American Southern's ceded premiums are determined as a percentage of earned premiums, ceded premiums generally increase or decrease when earned premiums increase or decrease.

The following presents American Southern's net earned premiums by line of business for the three month period ended March 31, 2017 and the comparable period in 2016:

Three Months Ended March 31

	march 51,		
	2017		2016
	 (In tho	usands	s)
Automobile liability	\$ 7,328	\$	6,802
Automobile physical damage	2,244		2,671
General liability	730		770
Surety	2,086		2,488
Other lines	703		994
Total	\$ 13,091	\$	13,725

Net earned premiums decreased \$0.6 million, or 4.6%, during the three month period ended March 31, 2017 from the comparable period in 2016. The decrease in net earned premiums was primarily attributable to decreases in automobile physical damage and surety earned premiums resulting from decreased business writings in 2016. Premiums are earned ratably over their respective policy terms, and therefore premiums earned in the current year are related to policies written during both the current year and immediately preceding year.

The performance of an insurance company is often measured by its combined ratio. The combined ratio represents the percentage of losses, loss adjustment expenses and other expenses that are incurred for each dollar of premium earned by the company. A combined ratio of under 100% represents an underwriting profit while a combined ratio of over 100% indicates an underwriting loss. The combined ratio is divided into two components, the loss ratio (the ratio of losses and loss adjustment expenses incurred to premiums earned) and the expense ratio (the ratio of expenses incurred to premiums earned).

Net loss and loss adjustment expenses at American Southern increased \$0.4 million, or 4.7%, during the three month period ended March 31, 2017 over the comparable period in 2016. As a percentage of earned premiums, net loss and loss adjustment expenses were 63.3% in the three month period ended March 31, 2017, compared to 57.7% in the three month period ended March 31, 2016. The increase in the loss ratio was primarily due to a \$0.5 million loss recovery in the surety line of business and favorable loss experience in the general liability line of business during the three month period ended March 31, 2016 that did not recur in the comparable period of 2017. Partially offsetting the increase in the loss ratio during the three month period ended March 31, 2017 was more favorable loss experience in the automobile liability and automobile physical damage lines of business.

Underwriting expenses decreased \$0.8 million, or 17.1%, during the three month period ended March 31, 2017 from the comparable period in 2016. As a percentage of earned premiums, underwriting expenses were 29.5% in the three month period ended March 31, 2017, compared to 34.0% in the three month period ended March 31, 2016. The decrease in the expense ratio was primarily due to American Southern's use of a variable commission structure with certain agents, which compensates the participating agents in relation to the loss ratios of the business they write. During the three month period ended March 31, 2017, variable commissions at American Southern decreased \$0.4 million from the comparable period in 2016 due to unfavorable loss experience from accounts subject to variable commissions.

Bankers Fidelity

The following summarizes Bankers Fidelity's earned premiums, losses, expenses and underwriting ratios for the three month period ended March 31, 2017 and the comparable period in 2016:

	Three Months Ended March 31,		
	2017 2016		
	 (Dollars in thousands)		
Medicare supplement	\$ 23,851	\$	20,904
Other health products	1,464		1,369
Life insurance	 2,376		2,460
Total earned premiums	27,691		24,733
Insurance benefits and losses	21,713		16,911
Underwriting expenses	 8,658		8,930
Total expenses	30,371		25,841
Underwriting loss	\$ (2,680)	\$	(1,108)
Loss ratio	 78.4%		68.4%
Expense ratio	 31.3		36.1
Combined ratio	109.7%		104.5%

Premium revenue at Bankers Fidelity increased \$3.0 million, or 12.0%, during the three month period ended March 31, 2017 over the comparable period in 2016. Premiums from the Medicare supplement line of business increased \$2.9 million, or 14.1%, during the three month period ended March 31, 2017, due primarily to successful execution of new business generating strategies with both new and existing agents. Other health product premiums increased \$0.1 million, or 6.9%, during the same comparable period, primarily as a result of new sales of the company's disability income products. Premiums from the life insurance line of business decreased \$0.1 million, or 3.4%, during the three month period ended March 31, 2017 due to the redemption and settlement of existing policy obligations exceeding the level of new sales activity. During the fourth quarter of 2016, Bankers Fidelity entered into a reinsurance agreement to moderate statutory capital requirements related to premium growth in the Medicare supplement line of business. Medicare supplement premiums ceded under the reinsurance agreement were approximately \$3.9 million in the three month period ended March 31, 2017.

Benefits and losses increased \$4.8 million, or 28.4%, during the three month period ended March 31, 2017 over the comparable period in 2016. As a percentage of earned premiums, benefits and losses were 78.4% in the three month period ended March 31, 2017, compared to 68.4% in the three month period ended March 31, 2016. The increase in the loss ratio was primarily attributable to adverse loss experience in the Medicare supplement line of business. Beginning late in 2016 and continuing throughout the three month period ended March 31, 2017, Bankers Fidelity experienced significantly increased levels of mortality and morbidity across all lines of business which had an unfavorable effect on the company's loss patterns and increased the resultant quarterly loss ratio.

Underwriting expenses decreased \$0.3 million, or 3.0%, during the three month period ended March 31, 2017 from the comparable period in 2016. As a percentage of earned premiums, underwriting expenses were 31.3% in the three month period ended March 31, 2017, compared to 36.1% in the three month period ended March 31, 2016. The decrease in the expense ratio was primarily due to the increase in earned premiums coupled with a relatively consistent level of fixed general and administrative expenses. Also contributing to the decrease in the expense ratio was a reinsurance expense-reimbursement allowance associated with the reinsurance agreement described above, which reimbursed the company for a portion of its indirect underwriting expenses.

INVESTMENT INCOME AND REALIZED GAINS

Investment income decreased \$0.3 million, or 13.9%, during the three month period ended March 31, 2017 from the comparable period in 2016. The decrease in investment income was attributable not only to a decrease in the average yield on the Company's investments in fixed maturities but also a \$0.2 million loss from the equity in earnings from investments in real estate partnerships.

The Company had net realized investment gains of \$0.9 million during the three month period ended March 31, 2017, compared to net realized investment gains of \$0.8 million in the three month period ended March 31, 2016. The net realized investment gains in the three month period ended March 31, 2017 resulted from the disposition of several of the Company's investments in fixed maturities. The net realized investment gains in the three month period ended March 31, 2016 was primarily due to a \$0.6 million gain from the sale of property held within one of the Company's real estate partnership investments. Management continually evaluates the Company's investment portfolio and, as may be determined to be appropriate, makes adjustments for impairments and/or will divest investments.

INTEREST EXPENSE

Interest expense increased slightly during the three month period ended March 31, 2017 over the comparable period in 2016. The increase in interest expense was due to an increase in the London Interbank Offered Rate ("LIBOR"), as the interest rates on the Company's outstanding junior subordinated deferrable interest debentures ("Junior Subordinated Debentures") are directly related to LIBOR.

OTHER EXPENSES

Other expenses (commissions, underwriting expenses, and other expenses) decreased \$1.4 million, or 9.0%, during the three month period ended March 31, 2017 from the comparable period in 2016. The decrease in other expenses was primarily attributable to a reinsurance expense-reimbursement allowance associated with the reinsurance agreement in the life and health operations, which reimbursed a portion of the Company's indirect underwriting expenses; a \$0.4 million decrease in the variable commission accrual in the property and casualty operations; and a \$0.3 million decrease in incentive compensation accruals from the comparable 2016 period due to the Company's recent operating performance. On a consolidated basis, as a percentage of earned premiums, other expenses decreased to 33.8% in the three month period ended March 31, 2017 from 39.5% in the three month period ended March 31, 2016. The decrease in the expense ratio was primarily attributable to the increase in earned premiums coupled with a lower level of general and administrative expenses.

INCOME TAXES

The primary difference between the effective tax rate and the federal statutory income tax rate for the three month periods ended March 31, 2017 and 2016 resulted from the dividends-received deduction ("DRD"). The current estimated DRD is adjusted as underlying factors change and can vary from estimates based on, but not limited to, actual distributions from investments as well as the amount of the Company's taxable income.

LIQUIDITY AND CAPITAL RESOURCES

The primary cash needs of the Company are for the payment of claims and operating expenses, maintaining adequate statutory capital and surplus levels, and meeting debt service requirements. Current and expected patterns of claim frequency and severity may change from period to period but generally are expected to continue within historical ranges. The Company's primary sources of cash are written premiums, investment income and proceeds from the sale and maturity of its invested assets. The Company believes that, within each operating company, total invested assets will be sufficient to satisfy all policy liabilities and that cash inflows from investment earnings, future premium receipts and reinsurance collections will be adequate to fund the payment of claims and expenses as needed.

Cash flows at the Parent are derived from dividends, management fees, and tax-sharing payments, as described below, from the subsidiaries. The principal cash needs of the Parent are for the payment of operating expenses, the acquisition of capital assets and debt service requirements, as well as the repurchase of shares and payments of any dividends as may be authorized and approved by the Company's board of directors from time to time. At March 31, 2017, the Parent had approximately \$21.8 million of unrestricted cash and investments.

The Parent's insurance subsidiaries reported statutory net income of \$0.4 million for the three month period ended March 31, 2017 compared to statutory net income of \$3.3 million for the three month period ended March 31, 2016. Statutory results are impacted by the recognition of all costs of acquiring business. In periods in which the Company's first year premiums increase, statutory results are generally lower than results determined under GAAP. Statutory results for the Company's property and casualty operations may differ from the Company's results of operations under GAAP due to the deferral of acquisition costs for financial reporting purposes. The Company's life and health operations' statutory results may differ from GAAP results primarily due to the deferral of acquisition costs for financial reporting purposes, as well as the use of different reserving methods.

Over 90% of the invested assets of the Parent's insurance subsidiaries are invested in marketable securities that can be converted into cash, if required; however, the use of such assets by the Company is limited by state insurance regulations. Dividend payments to a parent corporation by its wholly owned insurance subsidiaries are subject to annual limitations and are restricted to 10% of statutory surplus or statutory earnings before recognizing realized investment gains of the individual insurance subsidiaries. At March 31, 2017, American Southern had \$42.3 million of statutory surplus and Bankers Fidelity had \$31.0 million of statutory surplus. In 2017, dividend payments by the Parent's insurance subsidiaries in excess of \$5.7 million would require prior approval. Through March 31, 2017, the Parent received dividends of \$1.2 million from its subsidiaries.

The Parent provides certain administrative and other services to each of its insurance subsidiaries. The amounts charged to and paid by the subsidiaries include reimbursements for various shared services and other expenses incurred directly on behalf of the subsidiaries by the Parent. In addition, there is in place a formal tax-sharing agreement between the Parent and its insurance subsidiaries. As a result of the Parent's tax loss, it is anticipated that the tax-sharing agreement will continue to provide the Parent with additional funds from profitable subsidiaries to assist in meeting its cash flow obligations.

The Company has two statutory trusts which exist for the exclusive purpose of issuing trust preferred securities representing undivided beneficial interests in the assets of the trusts and investing the gross proceeds of the trust preferred securities in Junior Subordinated Debentures. The outstanding \$18.0 million and \$15.7 million of Junior Subordinated Debentures mature on December 4, 2032 and May 15, 2033, respectively, are callable quarterly, in whole or in part, only at the option of the Company, and have an interest rate of three-month LIBOR plus an applicable margin. The margin ranges from 4.00% to 4.10%. At March 31, 2017, the effective interest rate was 5.12%. The obligations of the Company with respect to the issuances of the trust preferred securities represent a full and unconditional guarantee by the Parent of each trust's obligations with respect to the trust preferred securities. Subject to certain exceptions and limitations, the Company may elect from time to time to defer Junior Subordinated Debenture interest payments, which would result in a deferral of distribution payments on the related trust preferred securities. The Company has not made such an election.

The Company intends to pay its obligations under the Junior Subordinated Debentures using existing cash balances, dividend and tax-sharing payments from the operating subsidiaries, or from potential future financing arrangements.

At March 31, 2017, the Company had 55,000 shares of Series D preferred stock ("Series D Preferred Stock") outstanding. All of the shares of Series D Preferred Stock are held by an affiliate of the Company's controlling shareholder. The outstanding shares of Series D Preferred Stock have a stated value of \$100 per share; accrue annual dividends at a rate of \$7.25 per share (payable in cash or shares of the Company's common stock at the option of the board of directors of the Company) and are cumulative. In certain circumstances, the shares of the Series D Preferred Stock may be convertible into an aggregate of approximately 1,378,000 shares of the Company's common stock, subject to certain adjustments and provided that such adjustments do not result in the Company issuing more than approximately 2,703,000 shares of common stock without obtaining prior shareholder approval; and are redeemable solely at the Company's option. The Series D Preferred Stock is not currently convertible. At March 31, 2017, the Company had accrued but unpaid dividends on the Series D Preferred Stock totaling \$0.1 million.

Cash and cash equivalents decreased from \$13.3 million at December 31, 2016 to \$10.7 million at March 31, 2017. The decrease in cash and cash equivalents during the three month period ended March 31, 2017 was primarily attributable to net cash used in operating activities of \$6.1 million, additions to property and equipment of \$0.1 million and the purchase of shares for treasury for \$0.1 million. Partially offsetting the decrease in cash and cash equivalents was a \$3.8 million increase resulting from the sale and maturity of securities exceeding investment purchases.

The Company believes that existing cash balances as well as the dividends, fees, and tax-sharing payments it expects to receive from its subsidiaries and, if needed, additional borrowings from financial institutions, will enable the Company to meet its liquidity requirements for the foreseeable future.

Management is not aware of any current recommendations by regulatory authorities, which, if implemented, would have a material adverse effect on the Company's liquidity, capital resources or operations.

Item 4. Controls and Procedures

We maintain disclosure controls and procedures that are designed to ensure that information required to be disclosed in our Securities Exchange Act of 1934 (the "Exchange Act") reports is recorded, processed, summarized and reported within the time periods specified in the SEC's rules and forms, and that such information is accumulated and communicated to management, including the Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer, as appropriate, to allow timely decisions regarding required disclosure. Management necessarily applies its judgment in assessing the costs and benefits of such controls and procedures, which, by their nature, can provide only reasonable assurance regarding management's control objectives. The Company's management, including the Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer, does not expect that our disclosure controls and procedures can prevent all possible errors or fraud. A control system, no matter how well conceived and operated, can provide only reasonable, not absolute, assurance that the objectives of the control system are met. There are inherent limitations in all control systems, including the realities that judgments in decision-making can be faulty, and that breakdowns can occur because of simple errors or mistakes. Additionally, controls can be circumvented by the intentional acts of one or more persons. The design of any system of controls is based in part upon certain assumptions about the likelihood of future events, and, while our disclosure controls and procedures are designed to be effective under circumstances where they should reasonably be expected to operate effectively, there can be no assurance that any design will succeed in achieving its stated goals under all potential future conditions. Because of the inherent limitations in any control system, misstatements due to possible errors or fraud may occur and may not be detected. An evaluation was performed under the supervision and with the participation of our management, including the Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer, of the effectiveness of the design and operation of our disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e) of the Exchange Act) as of the end of the period covered by this report. Based on that evaluation, our management, including the Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer, concluded that our disclosure controls and procedures were effective as of the end of the period covered by this report.

There have been no changes in our internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the period covered by this report that have materially affected, or are reasonably likely to materially affect, our internal control over financial reporting.

CAUTIONARY NOTE REGARDING FORWARD-LOOKING STATEMENTS

This report contains and references certain information that constitutes forward-looking statements as that term is defined in the federal securities laws. Those statements, to the extent they are not historical facts, should be considered forward-looking statements, and are subject to various risks and uncertainties. Such forward-looking statements are made based upon management's current assessments of various risks and uncertainties, as well as assumptions made in accordance with the "safe harbor" provisions of the federal securities laws. The Company's actual results could differ materially from the results anticipated in these forward-looking statements as a result of such risks and uncertainties, including those identified in the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2016, and other filings made by the Company from time to time with the Securities and Exchange Commission. In addition, other risks and uncertainties not known by us, or that we currently determine to not be material, may materially adversely affect our financial condition, results of operations or cash flows. The Company undertakes no obligation to update any forward-looking statement as a result of subsequent developments, changes in underlying assumptions or facts, or otherwise.

PART II. OTHER INFORMATION

Item 2. Unregistered Sales of Equity Securities and Use of Proceeds

On October 31, 2016, the Board of Directors of the Company approved a plan that allows for the repurchase of up to 750,000 shares of the Company's common stock (the "Repurchase Plan") on the open market or in privately negotiated transactions, as determined by an authorized officer of the Company. Any such repurchases can be made from time to time in accordance with applicable securities laws and other requirements.

Other than pursuant to the Repurchase Plan, no purchases of common stock of the Company were made by or on behalf of the Company during the periods described below.

The table below sets forth information regarding repurchases by the Company of shares of its common stock on a monthly basis during the three month period ended March 31, 2017.

					Maximum
					Number of
				Total Number of	Shares that
				Shares Purchased	May Yet be
				as Part of	Purchased
	Total Number		Average	Publicly	Under the
	of Shares	I	Price Paid	Announced Plans	Plans or
Period	Purchased]	per Share	or Programs	Programs
January 1 – January 31, 2017	12,439	\$	4.04	12,439	720,069
February 1 – February 28, 2017	5,600		3.93	5,600	714,469
March 1 – March 31, 2017	8,478		3.88	8,478	705,991
Total	26,517	\$	3.97	26,517	

Item 6. Exhibits

31.1	Certification of the Principal Executive Officer pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002.
31.2	Certification of the Principal Financial Officer pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002.
32.1	Certifications pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002.
101.INS	XBRL Instance Document.
101.SCH	XBRL Taxonomy Extension Schema.
101.CAL	XBRL Taxonomy Extension Calculation Linkbase.
101.DEF	XBRL Taxonomy Extension Definition Linkbase.
101.LAB	XBRL Taxonomy Extension Label Linkbase.
101.PRE	XBRL Taxonomy Extension Presentation Linkbase.

SIGNATURES

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned thereunto duly authorized.

ATLANTIC AMERICAN CORPORATION

(Registrant)

Date: May 12, 2017 By: /s/ John G. Sample, Jr.

John G. Sample, Jr.
Senior Vice President and Chief Financial Officer
(Principal Financial and Accounting Officer)

EXHIBIT INDEX

Exhibit <u>Number</u>	<u>Title</u>
<u>31.1</u>	Certification of the Principal Executive Officer pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002.
<u>31.2</u>	Certification of the Principal Financial Officer pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002.
<u>32.1</u>	Certifications pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002.
101.INS	XBRL Instance Document
101.SCH	XBRL Taxonomy Extension Schema.
101.CAL	XBRL Taxonomy Extension Calculation Linkbase
101.DEF	XBRL Taxonomy Extension Definition Linkbase.
101.LAB	XBRL Taxonomy Extension Label Linkbase.
101.PRE	XBRL Taxonomy Extension Presentation Linkbase

CERTIFICATION OF THE PRINCIPAL EXECUTIVE OFFICER PURSUANT TO SECTION 302 OF THE SARBANES-OXLEY ACT OF 2002

I, Hilton H. Howell, Jr., certify that:

- 1. I have reviewed this report on Form 10-Q of Atlantic American Corporation;
- Based on my knowledge, this report does not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact necessary to make the statements made, in light of the circumstances under which such statements were made, not misleading with respect to the period covered by this report;
- 3. Based on my knowledge, the financial statements, and other financial information included in this report, fairly present in all material respects the financial condition, results of operations and cash flows of the registrant as of, and for, the periods presented in this report;
- 4. The registrant's other certifying officer and I are responsible for establishing and maintaining disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e)) and internal control over financial reporting (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(f) and 15d-15(f)) for the registrant and have:
 - a) designed such disclosure controls and procedures, or caused such disclosure controls and procedures to be designed under our supervision, to ensure that material information relating to the registrant, including its consolidated subsidiaries, is made known to us by others within those entities, particularly during the period in which this report is being prepared;
 - b) designed such internal control over financial reporting, or caused such internal control over financial reporting to be designed under our supervision, to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles;
 - c) evaluated the effectiveness of the registrant's disclosure controls and procedures and presented in this report our conclusions about the effectiveness of the disclosure controls and procedures, as of the end of the period covered by this report based on such evaluation; and
 - d) disclosed in this report any change in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the registrant's most recent fiscal quarter (the registrant's fourth fiscal quarter in the case of an annual report) that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, the registrant's internal control over financial reporting; and
- 5. The registrant's other certifying officer and I have disclosed, based on our most recent evaluation of internal control over financial reporting, to the registrant's auditors and the audit committee of registrant's board of directors (or persons performing the equivalent functions):
 - a) all significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in the design or operation of internal control over financial reporting which are reasonably likely to adversely affect the registrant's ability to record, process, summarize and report financial information; and
 - b) any fraud, whether or not material, that involves management or other employees who have a significant role in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting.

Date: May 12, 2017	/s/ Hilton H. Howell, Jr.
	Hilton H. Howell, Jr.
	President and Chief Executive Officer

CERTIFICATION OF THE PRINCIPAL FINANCIAL OFFICER PURSUANT TO SECTION 302 OF THE SARBANES-OXLEY ACT OF 2002

I, John G. Sample, Jr., certify that:

- 1. I have reviewed this report on Form 10-Q of Atlantic American Corporation;
- 2. Based on my knowledge, this report does not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact necessary to make the statements made, in light of the circumstances under which such statements were made, not misleading with respect to the period covered by this report;
- 3. Based on my knowledge, the financial statements, and other financial information included in this report, fairly present in all material respects the financial condition, results of operations and cash flows of the registrant as of, and for, the periods presented in this report;
- 4. The registrant's other certifying officer and I are responsible for establishing and maintaining disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e)) and internal control over financial reporting (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(f) and 15d-15(f)) for the registrant and have:
 - designed such disclosure controls and procedures, or caused such disclosure controls and procedures to be designed under our supervision, to ensure that material information relating to the registrant, including its consolidated subsidiaries, is made known to us by others within those entities, particularly during the period in which this report is being prepared;
 - b) designed such internal control over financial reporting, or caused such internal control over financial reporting to be designed under our supervision, to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles;
 - c) evaluated the effectiveness of the registrant's disclosure controls and procedures and presented in this report our conclusions about the effectiveness of the disclosure controls and procedures, as of the end of the period covered by this report based on such evaluation; and
 - d) disclosed in this report any change in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the registrant's most recent fiscal quarter (the registrant's fourth fiscal quarter in the case of an annual report) that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, the registrant's internal control over financial reporting; and
- 5. The registrant's other certifying officer and I have disclosed, based on our most recent evaluation of internal control over financial reporting, to the registrant's auditors and the audit committee of registrant's board of directors (or persons performing the equivalent functions):
 - a) all significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in the design or operation of internal control over financial reporting which are reasonably likely to adversely affect the registrant's ability to record, process, summarize and report financial information; and
 - b) any fraud, whether or not material, that involves management or other employees who have a significant role in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting.

Date: May 12, 2017	/s/ John G. Sample, Jr.
	John G. Sample, Jr.
	Senior Vice President and
	Chief Financial Officer

Certifications Pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002

Pursuant to 18 U.S.C. §1350, as adopted pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002, in connection with the filing of the Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q of Atlantic American Corporation (the "Company") for the quarterly period ended March 31, 2017, as filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on the date hereof (the "Report"), each of the undersigned officers of the Company certifies, that, to such officer's knowledge:

- (1) The Report fully complies with the requirements of Section 13 (a) or 15 (d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934; and
- (2) The information contained in the Report fairly presents, in all material respects, the financial condition and results of operations of the Company as of the dates and for the periods expressed in the Report.

Date: May 12, 2017 /s/ Hilton H. Howell, Jr.

Hilton H. Howell, Jr.

President and Chief Executive Officer

Date: May 12, 2017 /s/ John G. Sample, Jr.

John G. Sample, Jr. Senior Vice President and Chief Financial Officer

A signed original of this written statement required by Section 906, or other document authenticating, acknowledging, or otherwise adopting the signature that appears in typed form within the electronic version of this written statement required by Section 906, has been provided to the Company and will be retained by the Company and furnished to the Securities and Exchange Commission or its staff upon request.